

Rev. JOHN DODWELL, Manager.

With Strong Staff of Editors and Correspondents.

Entered at the Postoffice at Berea, Ky., as second-class matter.

THE CITIZEN.

An Independent Weekly
Devoted to the
Interests of
THE HOME, FARM, & SCHOOL.
50 CENTS A YEAR.

VOL. III.

A Family Paper

BEREA, MADISON COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1901.

Fifty cents a year.

NO. 47

IDEAS.

When you are in a good place stick to it.

God gives us chances. It is our business to seize them.

If you don't like your neighbors and your village stop whining and move out.

The lower down a man is the more he is inclined to hate his poorer neighbor and abuse the Negro.

My fruit is better than gold, you, than fine gold; and my revenue than choice silver. *Wisdom, in Proverbs*

TAKE NOTICE.

PRESIDENT FROST AT BEAR WALLOW.

President Frost will preach at Bear Wallow, Madison County, on Sunday, Oct. 27th, at 11:00 in the morning and give his lecture upon his travels in the Holy Land at night.

Parents and teachers must do their best to keep up the attendance at the free schools.

Don't forget the "Dedication" tomorrow night. Nor the Conference on the "Progress of the Negro Race" Saturday night in the College Chapel.

"Malcolm Kirk" will soon be concluded. Our next serial will be one of Sheldon's best: "Edward Blake, College Student." Subscribe for THE CITIZEN so you can read this story. It is good.

FROM THE WIDE WORLD.

In German sugar refineries molasses is being used in the preparation of food for cattle.

Rumors were current Saturday that the Pope of Rome was suffering from an attack of palsy.

Sydney, Nova Scotia, was visited by a terrible fire Saturday. There was no water to fight the flames, and the loss was great.

Germany and Russia have practically completed a commercial treaty, and the much feared tariff war between them is prevented.

Gen. Leonard Wood has notified the War Department that the general elections in Cuba will be held Dec. 31, and the election for President, Vice President and Senators on Feb. 24, next.

IN OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Rear Admiral Bence, U. S. N., died at his home Saturday. Admiral Bence served in the navy more than 46 years.

A dispatch from Decatur, Tenn., to Chattanooga, Tenn., states that incendiaries burned the courthouse and records at Decatur Saturday morning, early.

U. S. Ambassador Choate arrived in New York from England Saturday. Mr. Choate said he was on his way to Washington to consult with the President.

The wonderful display of shooting stars which startled the northern hemisphere in November 13, 14, 1867, is due to reappear November 14, 15, 1901; just three weeks hence.

The President told a Senator last week that he expected to send the new Isthmian Canal treaty between the U. S. and Great Britain to the Senate as soon as Congress convenes. And he added that the new treaty was more satisfactory to him personally than the Hay-Panama treaty was.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.

The Baptist Academy, which was projected at Irvine in Estill County, has been given up.

The Department of Agriculture has quarantined Clinton County on account of ticky cattle.

The entire property of the Sterling Oil and Gas Company has been sold to outside capitalists.

James Meridy, of Knox County, has wedded Mrs. Calloway Carnes, a widow, as his fourteenth wife.

Fire destroyed the courthouse at Paris Saturday morning. Loss between \$120,000 and \$130,000. Insurance, \$50,000.

A determined assault was made on the Providence mines in Webster county by a band of forty armed men, late Saturday night. The military have been sent to the scene of trouble.

Jack M. Russell, who was seriously wounded in the attack last Wednesday by Bolomen on a detachment of Company F, ninth infantry, at Caudara river, Island of Samar, is a son of Dr. E. F. Russell, of Hopkinsville. His home is in Bowling Green.

Planning for an Education.

(CONTINUED)

WHAT THE BOYS CAN DO.

A steer or some hogs to sell will bring you the money. Keep up your fences better, cultivate your land better, and enclose a little more, and you can easily raise some extra stock. And raising stock, if you save the manure will improve your land.

Chop it out. Many a young man can get the money from the products of the forests—logs, bark, ties, shingles, staves.

Work it out. Many a young man can get employment at some saw mill, or working for some neighbor. Many young ladies earn good money by doing housework for some neighbor. Several are now working in Cincinnati and Chicago. Don't be too proud to do any honorable work.

This is the way they do in Vermont. A poor mountain farmer there will work night and day, and get one child so well educated that she can teach school, and then she will help the other children.

And this is the way they do it in Scotland. The whole family will work and save and send one boy off to school, and he will come home on his vacation and teach the other children.

And this is the way they do it in Switzerland. The older boys and girls go down in the lowlands and work, and send back money so that the younger ones can be educated.

Living more cheaply is possible. Yet we must remind you that it does not pay to live too cheaply. We have known students to spoil their eyes with a cheap lamp, and get sick because of insufficient food and clothing, and fail in study because they did not provide themselves with necessary books. We believe in being saving, and economical. But when you are spending money to get an education you do not want to fail to get the full benefit of your schooling for lack of a little extra money. Be smart, be industrious, hustle around. If you can't earn a dollar a day, earn half a dollar—don't be idle. It will make split-bottomed chairs and ax handles in the house. Earn money, and then have the good of it.

But you must make your money go as far as possible. One way is to rent rooms and board yourself. If you can bring your meat and lard from home you can buy meat and sugar cheaper here than in most places, so that your living need not cost much more than if you did not come to school. You can usually rent two rooms 12 x 15 feet square, containing cook-stove, chairs, table, and two bedsteads, for four or five dollars a term.

Suppose a mother and two daughters, with a neighbor's girl, take such rooms, and spend fifty cents a week for each person for food, in addition to what they bring from home, and fifty cents more for fuel for the family. The expense in money would be \$2.50 a week, or \$30 for the term. Add \$5 for rent and \$1 for extras and you have \$36, which is only \$4 a piece, or 75 cents a week each.

We know a County Superintendent who boarded himself and his brothers in this way.

Earning money in Berea helps many a boy and girl. We must remind fathers and mothers that no boy or girl can possibly earn all their expenses while attending school. Some say they do this, but probably they are favored with pay for more work than they really do, or perhaps they break down in their studies.

There are a few families in Berea who give employment to students more or less, and the College provides all the work it can. This work is divided among as many as possible, and paid for in "College Script," which will apply on incidental fees, board, and necessary school expenses. Students who work are paid at the end of each month. Fifty cents a cord is paid for sawing wood. Girls have five cents an hour for housework, boys from five to eight cents an hour for farm work. Anyone who has real skill—a dress-maker or a seamstress, an expert penman, a printer, carpenter, tinsmith, painter—can earn more, and usually be sure of all the work he can well do. Boys who sweep classrooms and attend fires in barns receive fifty or seventy-five cents a week.

The school is so large that we cannot furnish work to all who desire it, and no one should come depending upon getting work unless he gets a written promise beforehand. We have never yet had enough skilled workers, nor enough workers in the fall. In the winter, work is scarce because we cannot do so much out of doors.

Students taking the Carpenters' Course have the best chance of work in that line, and those taking the Applied Science Course are likely to have employment on the farm, and the girls in housework.

A young man or young woman of good character, who does well in study, almost always finds a way to get on in Berea. Remember that the hardest time is at the beginning. Be brave then and you will be victorious later on. And remember also that no one was ever sorry for any effort or sacrifice he made to secure an education. What others have done you can do.

NEW LYCEUM COURSE.

That the readers of THE CITIZEN may know that a Lyceum Course is being provided for the people of Berea and vicinity, as in recent years, the names and dates of entertainers are given thus early in the year. It will be observed that four of the five come during the winter term, and the other very early in the spring term. All but one are new to this place; and no apology is needed for opening the course with so charming an entertainer as Mrs. Beecher. Nights have been secured which do not conflict with other important gatherings. It is hoped that our friends will avoid making other appointments for these dates. The following is the schedule:

Sat., Dec. 14—Mrs. Isabel Garghill Beecher.

Sat., Jan. 11—Hon. Wm. H. Sanders.

Mon., Feb. 10—Miss Katharine Eggleston.

Wed., Feb. 26—Reno B. Welbourn.

Sat., Mar. 22—Ralph Parlette.

The first of the above, though not in perfect voice when here before, was adjudged one of the most entertaining readers who ever visited Berea.

The second is recommended as giving a lecture full of grand thought and delivered with wonderful eloquence.

The third is a reader who captivates her audiences, wherever she goes.

The fourth has gained a national reputation for his discoveries in wireless telegraphy and his popular illustration of it.

The fifth is a humorist of humorists. His lectures contain nuggets of the solid gold of practical wisdom, but they sparkle with wit and fun and satire.

Single admission to each entertainment 25 cents, season tickets \$1.00. Children under 12 years, 15 cents and 60 cents.

L. V. DODGE.

Get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets at S. E. Welch, Jr.'s, drug store. They are easier to take and more pleasant in effect than pills. Then their use is not followed by constipation as is often the case with pills. Regular size 25c. per box.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY HIS LIFE AND WORK.

GEN. CHARLES S. GROSVENOR.
President's life long friend, comrade in war and colleague in Congress. Was near his side with other great men when his eyes were closed in death. Followed the bier to the National Capitol and to Canton. The funeral required a share of the proceeds of his book to be devoted to a McKinley Monument Fund. Thus every subscriber becomes a contributor to this fund. Millions of copies will be sold. Everybody will buy it. Orders for the book. Nobody will refuse. Elegant Photographure of President McKinley's last picture taken in the White House. You can easily and quickly clear \$1000 taking orders. Order outfit quick. Chance to prove success, secure yearly contract and become Manager. Send 12 2-cent stamps for elegant prospectus. Taking 10 to 50 orders daily. 50,000 copies will be sold in this vicinity.

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THE CONTINENTAL ASSEMBLY,
Corcoran Bldg., Opp. U. S. Treasury,
Washington, D. C.

Repair That Loom!

Homespun is coming into fashion again, and our girls should keep up the art of spinning. Berea College is finding a market for the products of fireside industry which may bring education and comfort to many homes.



We can pay for well-woven linen 40 cents a yard, jeans 60 cents, linen 50 cents, well-matched bed coverlets \$4 to \$6. Patent dyes not accepted—old-fashioned indigo preferred.

For information address, JOSEPHINE A. ROBINSON, Homespun Exchange, Berea, Ky.

ELEGANT FOOTWEAR

Our "Bilt-Well" Shoes

are Stylish and Serviceable—\$2.00 to \$3.00—and nothing finer anywhere at the price.

Our "Walk-Over" Shoes

won Highest Award at Paris World's Fair for Matchless Excellence, combined with Moderate Cost \$3.50 to \$4.00—the World's best for the price.

Our Florsheim Shoe

is unrivaled for Style, Elegance and Durability \$5.00 a pair—and nothing finer made at any price.

We'll clothe your feet in Comfort and Style and save you 50 cents to \$1.00 on every pair.

Covington & Banks,

Richmond, Kentucky

T. C. LOWRY, Three Years ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. in Richmond,

Richmond, Ky.

OFFICE IN MOBERLEY BUILDING MAIN STREET
Collections and Real Estate a Specialty

FOR SALE!

Two Fine
Kitchen Cabinets
\$12 EACH.

At COLLEGE SHOP

MEAT MARKET.

I have re-opened the Meat Market on Main Street. Fresh Meats, Dressed Poultry, and Vegetable in Season.

M. B. RAMSEY, Berea, Ky.

And out of all the sets of teeth that have been made at my office, if there is one set or any sets that show any defects, I will make a new set free. We are making the best set of teeth in the world for \$7.50, and if defects show in two years we give you a new set free. This applies to all the teeth I have made or am going to make the best alloy fills in the world at 75 cents.

DR. HOBSON, Dentist.

Permanently located in the Hobson Building—next door to Government Building.

Richmond, Kentucky.

Reference, Richmond National Bank.

Special Price to Students.

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Capital Stock, \$10,000.
HOME OFFICE, RICHMOND KY.

FINE FURNITURE SALE!

It will be to your interest to inspect our stock before your buy. We have the goods and will certainly meet your views as to prices. Hardwood, Oak and Mahogany Bedroom Suites, Iron Beds and Couches at special bargain prices during the month. Everything in the Furniture Line.

Great Sale on Carpets and Rugs for Cash.

We invite all our Berea Friends and all Citizen subscribers to call and inspect before making purchases.

UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY.

Day Phone, 73. JO. S. JOPLIN, Richmond, Ky.
Night Phone, 66.

Fall and Winter

WE ANTICIPATE to-day our wants and needs for tomorrow. WE ANTICIPATE in the Fall our wants in Shoes and Furnishing Goods. We have ANTICIPATED your wants, and are ready to supply them from a large and complete stock.

Men's and Boys Shoes, Heavy Boots, Booties, Felt and Rubber Boots, Underwear, Neckwear, Socks, Gloves, Hats, Caps, Umbrellas, Rain Coats.

You will find us complete in STYLE, QUALITY, and PRICE, and will save you money, which is the greatest anticipation of all.

DOUGLAS & CRUTCHER

207 West Main Street.

RICHMOND, KY.

Mr. Geo. W. Pow is our BERE A AGENT, and has a fine of our samples. Goods can be had of him at the same price as charged in Our Store at Richmond.

IDEAS.

Peace of mind and peace of heart are necessary for perfect health.

A little turpentine dissolved in a little warm water is excellent for washing windows, mirrors or glass globes.

Worry is sinful.

The world seems to be a painful dream. What mean these hours? What mean these days? In quiet and rest, in calm and peace, the world receives a royal guest. (John 1:10-11)

TAKE NOTICE.

For three months, beginning with Monday, Nov. 1, the arrangement of bells and exercises for Berea College will be as follows:

STANDARD TIME
5:30 Rising Bell
6:20 Breakfast Bell
7:10 7:20 Class Bell
8:00 8:10 Class Bell
8:50 9:00 Chapel Bell
10:00 Class Bell
10:15 Class Bell
11:30 Noon Recess
11:40 Dinner Bell
12:50 1:00 Class Bell
2:00 Class Bell
3:00 Study Hours Close
5:05 Supper Bell
6:00 Vesper Bell
7:00 Study hour Bell
9:00 Warning for Curfew
9:30 Curfew Bell

Sunday night, at 7:30, President Frost will give his lecture, "Fetters in Palestine," illustrated by stereoscopic views. A cordial invitation extended to everybody.

FROM THE WIDE WORLD.

The Japanese Diet has passed a law which forbids the use of tobacco by persons under twenty years of age.

Menelek, of Abyssinia, is the only Christian King in the world who is not white.

A Vienna newspaper has a dispatch from Sofia that Miss Ellen Stone, the missionary who is in the hands of Bulgarian bandits, is dead.

The budget of the German Empire will next year show a deficit of 100,000,000 marks (\$21,250,000).

Iron ore is being shipped to the United States from Spain to be returned in steel rails.

IN OUR OWN COUNTRY.

Booker T. Washington's daughter is attending Wellesley College, and receives cordial welcome from the teachers and students.

Rev. Chas. M. Sheldon, author of "Mahomet Kirk," etc., is going to study the Chinese slums preparatory to writing a new story.

Mayor Harrison, of Chicago, has issued a notice that tramps will not be given shelter in the police stations of that city on cold winter nights as heretofore.

There are in Boston 11,048 more women than men.

President Roosevelt has decided that the home of the President shall be known as the White House. There are 15 executive mansions in the United States, but only one White House.

McKinley postal cards will soon be issued by the Post Office Department.

Nineteen students were suspended from the University of Alabama last week for looting.

On Tuesday morning (29), Leon Czolgosz, the condemned assassin of President McKinley, paid the penalty for his terrible crime in Auburn (N. Y.) prison. His father's last words to him were: "Tell Leon that I hope he may rest in peace, that he may become reconciled with God, and will meet his end bravely."

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY.

Kentucky does not mean "dark and bloody ground," but is derived from the Indian word *Kain-takee*, signifying "land of the head of the river."

The jury in the case of Caleb Powers, on trial a second time on a charge of complicity in the murder of Wm. Goebel, returned a verdict of guilty. Sentence life imprisonment. The methods by which this trial has been conducted are well known to our readers.

Coal mine operators at Madisonville have made application for more guards; they claim their property is in danger from the strikers.

AN ENJOYABLE OCCASION.

The occasion of the dedication of the new Administration Building passed off with the greatest satisfaction to every one. A large audience of representative citizens from the village and surrounding country assembled in the Chapel, Prof. Dodge presiding, and was entertained by music, and addressed most ably by Hon. C. L. Seacey, Hon. Wm. C. Harris, and the College officials who are to occupy the new building: President, Treasurer and Secretary. President Frost's address is given below.

The conference then adjourned to the new building, where, after singing by a quartet, Dr. Burgess gave the dedicatory prayer, standing in the moonlight in the upper balcony. The prayer and the circumstances in which it was given, with the great crowd standing in the moonlight, is something never to be forgotten.

After the dedication the guests repaired to the Ladies Hall for light refreshments and a social hour, which was greatly enjoyed. The new building meets a very immediate need. It contains conveniently arranged rooms for President, Secretary, Treasurer, stenographer, stenogram, express office, committee room and janitor's room, and was built under the direction of Mr. Josiah Burdett.

PRESIDENT FROST'S ADDRESS.

Friends and Neighbors: We are right glad to see you all here to-night. We are bound to have a good time whenever Berea folks get together.

We have met to dedicate a new building which marks one of the many steps of progress which Berea College is taking; and the first thought which comes to me may be expressed in the scriptural words which Bro. Rogers quoted in his last speech in our tabernacle, "What hath God wrought?" There are citizens here who remember the starting of Berea's earlier buildings, and who could tell of the difficulties and even the persecutions of those pioneer times. But by God's good providence Berea has prospered. Which one of all the institutions in this region has had so many marks of Divine favor?

Is it not well that we should ask what about Berea has won this providential care? I believe it is that Berea has remembered Christ's words, "Inasmuch as ye did it unto one of the least of these, my brethren, ye did it unto me." Berea has not sought first of all to educate the sons and daughters of the rich, to help those who are already ahead of the average of their fellowmen, but Berea has been the school that would help the people of the log cabin to give their children a chance.

And let me speak, as I do not often speak of what is considered so often Berea's great pecuniary and cross. In seeking to help those who were at a disadvantage Berea did not overlook the colored race. If Christ has any "little ones" who need consideration and encouragement, it is the children of those who were slaves. In receiving colored students Berea has fitted young men and women to elevate the colored schools of Kentucky, and the benefit has gone beyond the boundaries of this commonwealth. Only this fall one of our colored graduates is called to the principality of the Industrial Institute at Manassas, Va.

Friends and neighbors, in Berea, it is time for us to hold up our heads. We would not claim any special righteousness for ourselves, and certainly would not condemn any who differ with us, but the Lord has been on Berea's side because Berea has been on His side; and to-day we have the proud satisfaction of seeing that the world is coming our way. Few people in the Southern States are so ignorant as not to know that Queen Victoria and Grover Cleveland and President McKinley and President Roosevelt and the whole Christian world, outside portions of the old Slave States, occupy Berea's position and are ready to encourage and

recognize character and manhood in Booker T. Washington or any other man, regardless of race or color.

This, too, is an occasion when we should think of our donors—the good people whose gifts have made Berea's work possible. And is it not wonderful that so many who have never seen Berea, nor had the reward of beholding what is being done here, have yet denied themselves in order to send these gifts?

I have here the letter which brought the money with which the Administration Building which we dedicate to-night was erected. The donor too modest to be named. I have here a bunch of letters from friends of ours in Kentucky, and in distant States, expressing the good will and the prayers which accompany these gifts. The funds of Berea College are sacred because of the piety and devotion and high character of those who contributed to this cause.

And we need to remind ourselves how great the work of Berea is. Few of us can know or realize the half of it. A gentleman was speaking to me to-night of the great benefit which Berea had conferred upon Madison County; but, my friends, Berea has done more for a dozen other counties that might be named than it has done for Madison. Berea College has long arms, and it is reaching out in every direction to encourage the public schools, to train up young men who are fit for county offices and other positions of public usefulness and honor. And have you thought of it? the new ideas that go out through our Agricultural Department and our Household Department and our Normal Department will reach and benefit thousands of homes and people who will themselves never see Berea.

Let us think also of the benefit which Berea College is to the citizens of Berea itself. Berea's object is education, but its benefits overflow in other ways to the advantage of every person who lives near it. Here are three stations side by side along the railroad: White's Station, Berea and Conway. Why is it that Berea is known around the world while neither of the other two is ever heard of? Why is it that property is worth three times as much in Berea as in either of these other places? There is only one difference that can be named, and that is Berea College. If our Treasurer should put a blue mark upon every bill which he passes out over the counter of the Treasurer's office, in six months all the money in this region would bear a blue mark. The Treasurer gives money to Mr. Sharp and Mr. Burdett for lumber, and they distribute it in paying their men. He pays money to our teach-

ers, and they distribute it in buying family supplies of the farmers round about; and so it is that we are all benefited in pocket as well as in mind and heart by the influence of this great school.

And one other thing (this is next to the most important thing I have to say), Berea College is not rich. It is true the College now possesses a fine property and a good beginning for an endowment, but Berea is supporting a large family. We have property enough to maintain a school of 500 students, but last year we had 825, and this year we shall have a thousand. Our students cost us, on an average, over and above all that they pay, \$40 apiece each year. Where shall we get the money for these additional students over and above the \$40 that are provided for? We cannot turn them away. We must welcome the young people from Letcher County, from North Carolina, from the Virginias, that come this way. And so, as long as we try to do this great work, we are poor. Every additional \$40 that Berea can get brings another student; and if in any way Berea College loses \$40 that means that one student is shut away. When we really open our eyes and see the great work that Berea is called to do we shall feel that we need to pray as earnestly as ever that God will send us the means that are necessary.

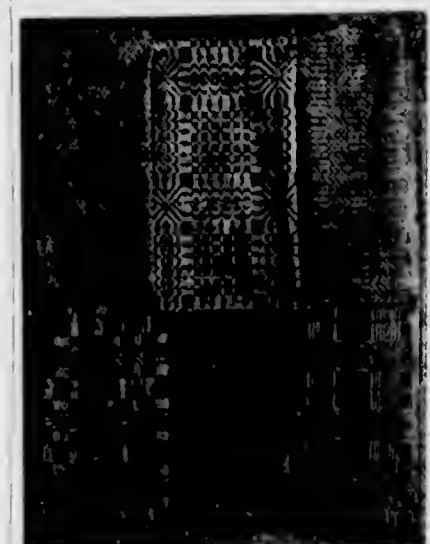
This is God's work, and we dedicate the new building to Him. All Berea's property, our farm lands, our shops, our students' rooms are dedicated to God; and we ask that all should unite with Dr. Burgess as he invokes the Divine blessing upon this new Administration Building. In that building Secretary Gamble will write letters to inquiring students; there will meet every Wednesday night our Prudential Committee, and every Monday evening our Faculty and teachers. How much will depend upon God's blessing upon the deliberations of these workers. We all feel our insufficiency for the tasks before us, and ask your prayers for Divine guidance. And we all desire, as we dedicate this new building, that we may dedicate ourselves anew to the service of God.

W. E. Arnold, at the Kentucky Conference, M. E. Church, South, lately held at Shelbyville, presented a memorial to the General Conference that the use of tobacco should be discouraged among preachers, and that the non-use of it be made a condition for admission into the traveling connection. Carried by a vote of 80 to 25.

By mistake Secretary of State Hill has given the third place on the official ballot in the general election this fall to the device and ticket of the Populist Party, when the Prohibition party was entitled to the place by having polled the greater number of votes. State Chairman Smith, of the latter party, has called his attention to the error, but it is now too late to make correction, as the ballots have been printed for nearly all the counties.

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OUR \$10 SUITS!

Have you seen them?

It will pay you to see them before buying your winter outfit.

Every Fashionable Fabric is represented, and they are trimmed and tailored in the latest style from top to bottom.

These suits fit better, look better and wear better than suits "made to order" by cheap concerns in Chicago or New York that charge double the price. Come to see them.

Our stock of Men's Shoes is the largest in Richmond, and we save you 50 cents to \$1 on every pair.

Covington & Banks,

Richmond, Kentucky

T. C. LOWRY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Three Years
in Richmond,

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GENERAL MERCHANDISE

THE CITIZEN

A Weekly Newspaper.

BEREA, KENTUCKY.

A CORRECTION.

As chairman of the recent citizen's meeting, and honored with a place on its ticket, I need to correct a statement which appears in a leading article in last week's CITIZEN. It is difficult to conceive how any one present could feel justified in reporting that the spirit of the convention reflected on Mr. Tatum and Mr. Osborne "as incompetent or dishonest." I have taken pains to test my own recollection by comparison with that of at least a dozen others who were present, and I desire to state with the utmost clearness and emphasis that the writer of said article is mistaken in his estimate of the large meeting of citizens held to continue the time honored custom of naming candidates without reference to political affiliations. The only unfavorable mention of the present officers met with a prompt disavowal by the chairman. The article is equally unfortunate in its attempt to describe the position of the convention upon a certain question of public policy. Both tickets now before the people are entirely unpledged upon all questions likely to arise. The difference is this. The first ticket stands for the principle of partisan government in town and public-school affairs. The last would not put a neighbor under the ban, in home matters, because he has different views upon the national questions. I happen to know that the Governor's action in the matter of Police Judge resulted simply from objections to the man whose name was first presented; and so I agree with THE CITIZEN article in regarding the partisan caucus as "a serious mistake." Such seems to be the present view of several who were led to attend it.

There is no disposition to speak otherwise than with all due kindness and courtesy of the so-called "Republican ticket." We need not take issue with any claims as to its superior excellence. Nor will we inquire as to the consistent Republicanism of the men composing it. The "Citizen's Ticket," with George Washington's face as the device, is submitted to the good people of Berea, without reference to party, race, or social position. We deem it sufficiently representative of different classes to receive your support.

L. V. DODGE.

A CARD.

Inasmuch as the campaign against the Republican ticket in Berea, which was begun by unjust and unkind criticisms, is being carried on by most unbecoming misrepresentations, we feel called upon to say that no citizen should allow our opponents to tell him what we intend to do if elected.

We propose to give an efficient, just, economical administration, looking out for the best interests of the village and every citizen. We have no hidden plans for oppressing the poor, but on the contrary the greatest desire to make the village government fair and helpful to all.

In particular we deny the statement that we have proposed to make a law against cattle in the streets. We have never considered this matter, and should not act on so important a question until the will of the majority of the citizens had been clearly expressed on this point. Yours truly, candidates on the Republican ticket: J. L. Gay, W. J. Tatum, J. Burdett, S. E. Welch, Jr., J. W. Stephens, W. R. Gabbard, T. J. Osborne.

DEDICATION OF THE ADMINISTRATION BUILDING.

All citizens of Berea and vicinity are invited to the dedicatory exercises of the new Administration Building at early candle-light on Friday night, Oct. 25th.

Neighbors will gather in the Chapel for some public exercises, and thence repair to the new building for the dedicatory prayer and to see its rooms, and finally go to the Ladies' Hall for light refreshments.

All who remember the dedication of Science Hall will anticipate much pleasure on this occasion.

Guaranteed Salary \$900 Yearly.

Men and women of good address to represent us, some to travel appointing agents, others for local work looking after our interests. \$900 salary guaranteed yearly; extra commissions and expenses, rapid advancement, old established home, great chance for earnest man or woman to secure pleasant, permanent position and liberal income. Very brilliant lines. Write at once.

STAFFORD PRESS, 23 Church St., New Haven, Conn.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Sam Black, of Speedwell, visited friends here Sunday.

Mr. Scott has returned from a business trip to Virginia.

Mrs. Laura Embree is visiting her brother, Mr. Edwin Fee.

Mr. L. C. Duncan is building a new addition to his residence.

Mr. Louis Sandlin and wife, of Dreyfus, were in town Saturday.

Mrs. Ed Ballard, of near Paint Lick, had a public sale Thursday.

The Misses Cravens entertained the "Varsity" team Saturday evening.

Judge Turpin and Jesse Cobb, of Richmond, were in town Tuesday.

Judge T. J. Coyle and wife, of Jackson County, visited friends here last week.

Mr. J. F. Wagers, Democratic candidate for sheriff, took in the football game.

Mrs. J. J. Brannaman and Miss Louise Yocum went to Richmond Friday.

Jailor Lackey and Tevis Cobb, of Richmond, were on our streets yesterday.

Miss Roach, a teacher in the S. P. Lee Institute, of Jackson, is visiting Miss Amy.

Mr. T. T. Simmons, who is teaching at Hickory Grove, was a Berea visitor Saturday.

Mrs. Howard M. Jones, who has been to Wisconsin on a lecture trip, returned Tuesday.

Hogs roaming the streets are unmitigated nuisances, so are bicycles ridden on the sidewalk.

Sam Moran, a well-known colored man, died Tuesday night, leaving a wife and eight children.

Thursday evening last Mrs. Dowdwell stepped on a nail in a piece of board and lamed herself badly.

Dr. and Mrs. Cornelius have returned from Cincinnati, where the Doctor went to buy drugs for his new store.

Geo. W. Camp writes THE CITIZEN from Mt. Vernon, where he is teaching school. He is getting along nicely.

Mrs. E. P. Fairchild and daughter Adelaide left for New York City yesterday, where Mr. Fairchild has preceded them.

At the Clover Bottom Church, near Judge Coyle's, on Sunday last James Williams shot Joseph Smith while engaged in a quarrel.

W. H. Porter, Cashier of the Berea Banking Company, has accepted the active agency of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Kentucky.

L. A. Pettis, who has been in the drug business several years in Livingston, will be the pharmacist in Dr. Cornelius' new drug store. Mr. Pettis arrived Monday.

J. C. (Jack) Burnam has moved his barber-shop from the Post office Building to the Lester Hall, where he will be glad to welcome his old customers, and some new ones too.

Ballard Combs and John Owens, of the Blue Lick neighborhood, had an altercation at Sunday-school last Sunday afternoon. Combs shot Owens, seriously wounding him.

BUY AND BUILD.—Treasurer Osborne has several fine building lots in different parts of the town for sale cheap to persons who desire to build and make a home in Berea.

Joshua Crenshaw, Berea, '92, residing in Hustonville, renews his subscription to THE CITIZEN and writes, "Best wishes for the continued prosperity of the College and the paper."

Mrs. Louis Hinman, nee Miss Stella Maltby, wife of our "boss printer," arrived Tuesday. Mr. and Mrs. Hinman will be domiciled in the house on Estill Street lately vacated by Brother Nixon.

The members of Silver Creek Church are earnestly requested to be present at the meetings of Saturday and Sunday, November 2, 3. Business of importance and Communion service. Bring the "Bible Booklets" Sunday morning.—R. R. Noel, Pastor.

Sales of lots in Berea are going forward. Mr. Rufus Coyle has purchased a fine lot on Jackson Street, west of the old Stapp House, and Mrs. Smith of Center Street has sold her property there and bought the last lot on the south side of Jackson Street, where she will build at once.

Treasurer Osborne has several houses to rent to families who wish to live in Berea and send their children to school. Most of these houses contain stoves, beds, chairs and tables, so that people need bring only dishes and bedding. Two rooms can

be rented for \$4 for the winter term. Apply at once.

The "Varsity" played its first game of football for the season Saturday afternoon, with the Richmond Caldwell High School team. The score was 30 to 0 in favor of the Berea boys. The playing of Gibson, Ernst, Trego and Caldwell of Berea, was great, as was that of J. Parrish, "left end," of Richmond.

On Sunday morning about 9 a. m. Harvey J. Ambrose, who has for months been suffering with malignant cancer of the face, breathed his last. Mr. Ambrose has borne his affliction with Christian patience and resignation. He was an estimable citizen, much respected. Funeral services were held at the home Monday, 11 a. m., and the remains were then taken charge of by the Masons, of whose fraternity he was a member. The burial was at the cemetery.

PROGRESS OF THE NEGRO RACE.

There will be a conference of all citizens interested in the welfare and progress of the colored race in the College Chapel at early candle-light on Saturday night, Oct. 26th. Pres. and Mrs. Frost will tell of their recent visit to the great schools at Hampton and Tuskegee, and there will be interesting talks by others. Let everybody be on hand.

MADISON COUNTY.

The post office at Blue Grass will be discontinued one week from today.

J. W. Smith sold his farm near Foxtown to Lewis Neale. The farm contained 200 acres, and the price was \$95 per acre.

Richmond is to have a "Lecture Course" this season. The first of this series will be given at the Masonic Temple Monday night by John Temple Graves.

Federal Court for the Eastern District of Kentucky will open Monday, November 11, at Richmond. This is the first sitting of the Court in the new district.

As a result of the revival meetings held recently by the Baptist Church, Richmond, there were fifty-two additions to the membership, thirty four of whom were candidates for baptism.

Warfield C. Bennett, of Richmond, has the appointment as U. S. Commissioner and Deputy Clerk in this Federal District. His office is in the Government building at Richmond.

FOR SALE.—Twenty six (26) acres of land, five (5) miles from Berea, on the Kingston pike near Big Hill post office. Two-room box house on the land. Will sell as a whole or in lots. Address, W. B. Jones, Paint Lick.

Jack Gilbert, just released from the county jail on bond, and a man named Collins footpadded the road between Kingston and Big Hill post office Saturday evening last, relieving those whom they met of their money and other valuables.

Robert Golden, a young white boy living near Fort Estill, while out rabbit hunting Saturday, was instantly killed. It is said that he had sat down on a stump to rest, when in some way the gun was accidentally discharged, the load taking effect in his left side with the aforesaid result.

—Register.



BICKNELL & EARLY.

FIGHTING AHEAD.

Campaign On Samar to Be Prosecuted Vigorously.

REINFORCEMENTS NOW ON THE WAY.

Vigilance of an American Lieutenant Averts Another Slaughter of Uncle Sam's Boys Detached Effort to Be Made to Capture the Filipino Leader, General Lukban.

Manilla, Oct. 21. — Reinforcements are being rushed to the island of Samar. Three hundred and thirty men under Lieutenant Colonel Merrill C. Goodrell have gone there on board the United States cruiser New York, and two battalions of Twelfth Infantry will start immediately for the same destination.

The troops in Samar anticipate hard fighting. Brigadier General Jacob H. Smith, who is in command, has visited most of the ports and instructed the commanders that the insurrection must be hammered out, and General Lukban, the insurgent leader, captured. Already the movement of troops has begun.

Owing to vigilance of Lieut. T. M. Baines, Jr., of the Ninth United States Infantry, another slaughter of American troops by insurgents has been averted. He discovered a person entering a cell at Carabiga, island of Samar, where several were confined, through a hole that had been cut in the wall. An investigation showed a plan to kill the jail with dynamite and to call the guard, which would be necessary to get the door open, and then to attack the garrison. It also developed that the instigators were a priest and the president, both of whom have been arrested, together with several other prominent persons. Other attempts have been discovered but for various reasons, at Panagonia and other points in Samar. Several persons have been arrested in connection with these.

Newfoundland's Grievance. London, Oct. 16. —Aero data to dispatches published here by The Daily Mail, a crisis is imminent in Newfoundland unless the British government pass more attention to the demands of the colony than has hitherto been the case. A long special from St. John's says: "Since Mr. Bond (the Newfoundland premier) left England last April, he has not received a single word from the imperial government regarding a settlement of the Funcher short question nor has Mr. Chamberlain ever answered the dispatch from the Newfoundland government, sent five months ago, asking the imperial authorities to persuade Sir Wilfrid Laurier (the Dominion premier) to a ratification of the Bond-Blaine convention."

Cuba and Annexation. Havana, Oct. 22. —A petition asking that Cuba be annexed to the United States is being circulated among Cuban business men, and every effort is being centered upon annexation, as business men generally, it is alleged, believe that the reciprocity movement will amount to nothing. A meeting has been arranged for Wednesday next at which, although held under the guise of reciprocity, it is said the first gun in the campaign for annexation will be fired by Cuba's orators. Seniors Deservine and LaNaza and the Marquis De Montoro.

No News of Miss Stone. Constantinople, Oct. 22. —The officials of the United States Legation are still without news from the missionaries who are seeking to make an arrangement with the abductors of Miss Ellen M. Stone and her companion, Mrs. K. S. Talika. It is regarded as probable that the missionaries will use the nearest telegraph only when the terms of ransom are settled, directing where and how the cash shall be sent.

Duke's Sudden Death. New York, Oct. 16. —The Duke of Alba, 53, one of the highest grandees of Spain, died from heart failure at his apartments in the Holland House. The duke came to this city on Sept. 21 to witness the international yacht races, as the guest of Sir Thomas Lipton. On the day of the last race he contracted a severe cold, which developed into influenza.

Submarine Boat Experiments. London, Oct. 15. —Continuing the experiments with the first British submarine vessel, the admiralty caused six men to be sealed in the boat as she lay outside the water. The compressed air cylinders were set going and after three hours the airtight hatch was opened, when it was found that the men had suffered but little discomfort.

Pitched Battle With Bandits. Mt. Vernon, O., Oct. 16. —At Hanville, Knox county, eight burglars made an unsuccessful attempt to rob the local bank. Five charges of dynamite were employed, but the explosion aroused the villagers and a pitched battle ensued. The robbers fled and sought shelter in Adrian's woods, which is now surrounded by a posse.

Fatal Collision. Des Moines, Oct. 16. —A head-on collision which took place on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul road, near Fayette, killed Engineer Culbertson, seriously wounded Conductor Haefer, and two members of the Highland college football team, Miller and Henry, were injured.

Ex-Congressman Walker. Richmond, Va., Oct. 21. —General J. A. Walker, ex-congressman from the Ninth Virginia district and a brigadier general in the Confederate army, who at one time commanded Stonewall Jackson's old brigade, died at his home in Wytheville, Va.

NEARLY A MILLION.

In Securities and Funds Stolen From an Eastern Bank.

Lowell, Mass., Oct. 22. —The loot of the Merchants' National bank by Smith, its teller, and Swift its bookkeeper, on Thursday last, is far greater than was suspected by those directly connected with the bank. The securities and moneys returned to the directors by Hon. John C. Burke, counsel for Swift, represented a total it is understood, of about \$800,000. Mr. Burke said that no agreement was entered upon to shield his client, for, he added, "that would be illegal." When told that it was understood that United States officers were searching for the men, Mr. Burke said it would be useless. It is known that Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Swift have been in communication with their husbands since the securities were returned. Beyond the bank directors' statement that the bank's loss is \$115,000, there has been no additional bulletin, although one was expected. The bank examiner is now at work on the books.

Foundered With a Fortune.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 19. —A fishing schooner which arrived here from Aruba island, northwest of Curacao, brings the story that the Arends, a Venezuelan schooner, bound from Matanzas for Matanzas, carrying a sum of money from the government destined to pay the troops on the frontier—the amount being estimated at from \$25,000 to \$100,000—encountered heavy weather last Sunday night off Aruba island and foundered in deep water, the entire sum being lost. The crew, according to the story, reached the island in a boat. The money is supposed to have been part of the sum raised in Curacao a fortnight ago from the bank of Venezuela by President Castro.

Freight Trains Collide.

Birmingham, Mich., Oct. 19. —Three trainmen were crushed to death in a head-on collision between an east and a west-bound freight train on the Detroit Grand Haven and Milwaukee railroad at a curve five miles west of here. The dead, H. Moffatt, engineer, Detroit; H. Lane, fireman, Detroit; Otto Neurenberg, brakeman, Clarkston, Mich. The freight train going west was a very heavy one and stuck on the steep grade near Bloomfield. The engineer cut his train in two and took part of it to Pontiac, he returned for the other part and was just starting for Pontiac when the east-bound train came along and they collided with terrific force. Both engines are ruined.

Chicago Postoffice Robbery.

Chicago, Oct. 22. —There have been no new developments in the Chicago postoffice robbery, in which burglars stole \$71,419 worth of stamps and escaped without leaving the slightest clue. A tunnel which had taken a week or more to complete was run from the rear of the building and a hole was drilled through the steel bottom of the wholesale stamp vault. There were 97 small holes around the square cut out and some of the drilling looked several days old. The burglars crawled under the flooring about 300 feet. The stamps taken were carried away in a wagon. The opening made was only six feet from the cashier's vault.

Charged the Mob.

Budapest, Oct. 18. —At Dobrevzen, on the announcement that the liberal candidate had been elected to the Hungarian parliament on the second balloting, the Kossuthists began to stone the military and police who were on duty. The police were finally compelled to draw their swords and charge the mob. Some 70 rioters and many soldiers and policemen were severely injured in the conflict. The windows of the town hall and of other buildings were broken. Hundreds of persons have been placed under arrest and the disturbances have not yet been quelled.

Chamber of Deputies Resumes.

Paris, Oct. 22. —The chamber of deputies resumed its sitting in the last session but one before dissolution. Premier Waldeck-Rousseau will meet it as the head of the longest lived ministry of the present republic. The heaviest work before the chamber will be the adoption of the budget for 1902, which will lead to big debates. Owing to important decisions taken by the budget commission entirely up setting the calculations of the finance minister, Caillaux, the latter made a number of propositions to meet the deficit which amounts to 50,000,000 francs.

Mollieux in the Tombs.

New York, Oct. 18. —Island H. Mollieux, after spending 19 months in the death house at Sing Sing prison, is in his old cell in the Tombs, this city. Mollieux's appearance did not bear out the stories that he had grown stronger in Sing Sing. He looked very healthy, although showing the prison pallor, but very spare, and there were slight hollows in his cheeks. Although slender, he looked the athlete that he is—wiry and active.

Rah-Rah Boys in a Riot.

Vienna, Oct. 17. —There has been rioting in Kichenhoff, Hossarabia, where 1,000 students attacked and wrecked the house of the governor, the headquarters of the police and the office of the Official Gazette. Many encounters took place between the students and the police, and 11 persons were killed and 36 injured.

Colombian Rebels Worsted.

Kingston, Jamaica, Oct. 22. —Letters received here from Panama say the Colombian rebels lost heavily in a battle near there last Tuesday. The rebels are concentrating in a camp in the neighborhood and both sides are preparing for a clash which, it is expected, will largely determine the fate of the revolution.

SCHLEY INQUIRY.

Testimony Offered by Officers of the Fleet Operating at Santiago.

Washington, Oct. 17. —Commander Maxon, Lieutenants McPhaul and Webster and other officers of Schley's flagship, the Brooklyn, all testified before the court of inquiry that the conduct of the commodore when under fire was cool and courageous during the battle of Santiago bay, the witnesses stated that Commodore Schley repeatedly encouraged the men, saying, among other things, "Give 'em hell, bullies."

Story Retold.

Washington, Oct. 19. —Commander Reginald Nicholson, who was navigator of the Oregon, retold the story of the battle of Santiago bay. He said the movements of the Oregon were not controlled by signals from the Brooklyn. It was his opinion that the Oregon was nearer the Colon than was the Brooklyn. Half a dozen men of the Brooklyn testified to the bravery and efficiency of Schley.

Roof Collapsed.

Scranton, Pa., Oct. 17. —A fall of roof coal caused the death of four men in the Klondike mine of the Delaware and Hudson company, at Archbald. They are Patrick Nealon, assistant mine foreman, John Healey, miner, John Kearney, miner, and Matthew Drighor, driver. A car had run down a plane in the mine, jumped the track, and knocked out a number of props. The men in charge of Foreman Nealon were replacing the props, when a great slab of rock fell, killing them instantly.

Bookkeeper's Confession.

Altoona, Pa., Oct. 17. —David M. Wolf, bookkeeper for the First National bank of Tyrone, Pa., has confessed to the embezzlement of \$12,000 of the bank's funds. The cashier of the bank discovered irregularities in Wolf's books while the latter was away on his vacation amounting to the sum named. He is bonded for \$10,000 by a surety company of New York. The bank officials have taken no action against him. Wolf is 31 years of age.

Notorious Brigand Nabbed.

Rome, Oct. 17. —The notorious brig and Mussoline, has been captured after a fierce resistance at Urbino. He had long terrorized Calabria, and is credited with 25 murders. Owing to the sympathy shown him by the peasantry he has always escaped capture, despite the immense reward over his head.

Cape in Open Rebellion.

London, Oct. 21. —Mr. Kruger has received a report from Mr. Schalkberg that the greater part of Cape Colony is in open rebellion, "says a dispatch from Brussels, and that the Boers have armed 15,000 Afrikaners within the last three months."

Kitchener's Demand.

London, Oct. 22. —The Daily Express learns that Lord Kitchener has wired an urgent demand to the war office for more trained mounted men.

TO THE PEOPLE OF THIS AND ADJOINING STATES.

Caleb Powers on the Witness Stand. In His Own Behalf. Tragedy in a Court Room. Court House Burned, Crime and Casualty.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 22. —In the trial of Caleb Powers during the past week, Miss Lucy Brock, said to have been Powers' fiancée, testified of Powers saying that Governor Taylor had given him \$1,000 with which to pay the expenses of the mountain men, and that he and Charles Finley were raising the army. F. Wharton Golden testified that it was generally understood among the mountaineers that Goebel was to be killed. Golden told of his conversation with Powers in assembling the mountain men to Frankfort and of an interview he had with Governor Taylor, in which Taylor said "What it is an awful thing to think of taking human life, but it looks like Goebel and those fellows must die or we will be robbed." On cross-examination Golden admitted that he entered into an agreement to procure the murder of William Goebel, and that he had offered \$500 to any man who would murder him. W. H. Clinton testified Caleb Powers said the mountaineers would be given 30 minutes to settle the contest and that if they did not do it every one of them would be killed.

When the commonwealth closed Caleb Powers took the stand. He admitted all meetings and conversations with Golden, Clinton, and others, except such parts of the conversations as tended to implicate him in the conspiracy. Powers denied that he and his brother, John L. Powers, had ever given Henry Yontsey a key to the secretary of state's office. Yontsey asked him for a key, but he told him he did not want him in his office. Powers said he fled from Frankfort because he felt satisfied that he could not get a fair trial. He denied that he had ever conspired to do violence to William Goebel or any other Democrat.

Caught by the Cowcatcher.

Bowling Green, Ky., Oct. 21. —Philip Hay, a wealthy citizen, was killed by a freight train striking his buggy at a railroad crossing. In the buggy with him were his 18-month-old granddaughter, Lella Jenkins, with her colored nurse, Georgia Jenkins. When the train struck the buggy the cushion with the nurse and baby was caught. In the cowcatcher, where the colored girl heroically held to the baby until the train ran 150 yards and was stopped. Both were found uninjured.

WANTED.—Capable, reliable person in every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation; \$200 salary per year, payable weekly; \$1 per day absolutely sure and all expenses; straight, bona fide, definite salary, no commission; salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. STANFORD HOUSE, 334 Dearborn St., Chicago.

THE CITIZEN

A Weekly Newspaper.

BEREA, KENTUCKY.

A WORD TO PROF. DODGE.

In the last issue of THE CITIZEN I notice an article over the name of L. V. Dodge in which he makes an uncalculated personal attack upon me. He refers to the matter of the appointment of a police judge by the Governor, and says: "I happen to know that the Governor's action in the matter of police judge resulted simply from objections to the man whose name was first presented." Upon direct inquiry I find this statement to be untrue—not supported by facts.

Prof. Dodge's dissatisfaction with existing circumstances does not date quite so far back as the police judge matter, but to about the time when another was elected Republican Chairman of the precinct.

I have served the town as Chairman of its Town Board, so has Prof. Dodge. While I do not claim to have accomplished much during my incumbency I am willing for the citizens to compare my work with that of Mr. Dodge when he was in office, and abide the result.—S. E. Welch, Jr.

THE COLORED CONFERENCE.

The conference on this subject Saturday night was well attended by both white and colored people and much interest shown. Remarks were made by Pres. Frost, Mr. Farris, Horace Vates, and others, and it was resolved to hold another conference at the Baptist Church in "Middletown" on Saturday night, Nov. 2. This will be a notable occasion, as special music will be furnished and an effort to secure the attendance of all the people of this vicinity. Rev. Howard Broadbent will be present and deliver an address.

Mr. W. H. Parker, Principal of the Industrial School at Keene, Jessamine County, called on THE CITIZEN this week. Mr. Parker is doing a good work for the colored people, and deserves much commendation and encouragement. In addition to the work in the schoolroom each student is required to work one hour each day, and is instructed in systematic work. Mr. Parker is a Negro, and is an evidence in proof of the fact that, given an opportunity, the colored race are capable and ready to improve the opportunity.

To the Public.

Allow me to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. I had a very severe cough and cold and feared I would get pneumonia, but after taking the second dose of this medicine I felt better, three bottles cured my cold and the pains in my chest disappeared entirely. I am most respectfully yours for health, RALPH S. MEYERS, 61 Thirtieth St., Wheeling, W. Va. For sale by S. E. Welch, Jr.

MADISON COUNTY.

The work on the court house goes very slowly.

It is reported that Richmond has sent her fever among her people.

Sam Q. Detherage has been paying three cents a pound for calves. Joe Bales sold 233 head of cattle for export this week at 5 to 5½ cts. a pound.

J. S. Ogg has moved from Brassfield to Kingston, where he will engage in merchandizing.

Revival services are being conducted at College Hill by Revs. P. C. Eversole, the pastor, and H. G. Turner, of Richmond.

J. M. Sandlin has bought the stock of merchandise of A. B. Jones, of Brevins, and will continue the business at the old stand.

Wm. Rock, father of S. F. Rock, Editor of the Kentucky Register, died at the home of his son in Richmond, Friday morning. Burial in Richmond cemetery Saturday. The deceased was 81 years of age.

FOR SALE.—Twenty-six (26) acres of land, five (5) miles from Berea, on the Kingston pike near Big Hill post office. Two-room box house on the land. Will sell as a whole or in lots. Address, W. B. JONES, Paint Lick.

Recently Dr. M. C. Heath and J. K. Worrel instituted suit against County Clerk John F. White over the title to some oil leases in the southern part of this county. It all arose through a misunderstanding, and has been settled in a way satisfactory to all parties.—Pantagraph.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Miss Hattie Bangh is quite ill from pneumonia.

Miss Nancy Tudor spent Saturday with friends in Richmond.

Mrs. Dr. Morris has returned from a visit to friends in London.

Dr. Cornelius has opened his new drug store on Main Street.

Miss Nora Burlette has gone to Oberlin to take a business course.

Mr. and Mrs. George Ames have gone to Springfield, Mo., to reside.

The forestry class had an excursion to the mountains last Saturday.

Sec. W. C. Gamble paid a visit to Gen. Cassius M. Clay Tuesday.

Mrs. S. E. Welch has returned from a visit to relatives in Laurel County.

Miss Mattie Cravens, of Lexington, is here to spend the winter with her sisters.

Berea must keep its good nature for the local election. There are good men on all tickets.

Bicknell & Early have delivered to customers this fall 60 tons of fertilizer for wheat.

T. A. Robinson, the jeweler, is suffering from paralysis of the left side of the face.

Wm. McIntosh and wife leave Saturday for Cincinnati, where they will make their home.

The Weber Wagon, for sale by Bicknell & Early, still keeps its place—AT THE TOP.

Miss Daisy Cockington entertained a number of young friends at tea Saturday evening.

A. T. Robinson, of near Wallace, has bought a house and lot on Depot Street of James Lucas.

Mrs. S. A. Corle and family left Thursday for Lawton, Okla., where Mr. Corle had preceded them.

The managers of the telephone exchange expect to have the new plant in working order by the first of November.

The scholars of the primary department of the Sunday-school enjoyed a lawn picnic at President Frost's Friday afternoon last.

Miss Bertha Johnson spent the past two weeks with her cousin, Miss Eva Johnson, who has been very ill, but is now improving slowly.

The new stock of clothing at Bicknell & Early's is nobby and fresh. The prices at which the goods are offered will surely bring trade.

Rev. S. F. Porter is holding daily meetings at Asbury Chapel. Bro. Porter is 88 years of age. He is vigorous and an acceptable preacher.

There is a smell of whiskey in Berea as election approaches. Remember there is a stiff legal penalty for those who try to debauch voters.

Robinson, the Optician and Jeweler, in the Welch Block, has some very handsome Ormolu Clocks for sale. They would make very elegant presents.

You ought to see Bicknell & Early's stock of Fine Furniture. It is the handsomest to be found in Berea, and for price simply defies competition.

THE CITIZEN hopes there is not a single voter in Berea or the Glade precinct who would be low enough to sell his vote. A man's vote and a woman's honor ought to be above all prices.

Next Tuesday is Election Day. Don't neglect your privilege and duty as a citizen. Bear in mind that your action at the polls will live forever. Act from conviction, not from opinion or prejudice.

W. H. Porter, Cashier of the Berea Banking Company, is District Agent for the Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky, one of the best companies doing business as life underwriters in the whole country.

The funeral of Fanny Hayes was conducted by Pres. Frost last Sunday at the Pilot Knob Church-house. She was known by a wide circle of friends as a humble, devoted and consistent Christian.

In the same neighborhood (Pilot Knob) occurred the sad funeral of the Owens boy, who was shot a week ago as a consequence of the intoxicating liquor which is being distributed in this locality.

The chief issue in the election is whether the State shall be divided into districts in a fair and honest manner, or whether the present division, which is certainly outrageous, shall be continued. Prominent Democrats declare that the State ought to be so

districted that it would be impossible for the Republicans, no matter how many votes they have, ever to elect a Republican legislature. This would be Goebelism with a vengeance.

The College Foot-ball Team went to Richmond Saturday to play with the combined Institute and High School, and were treated in the regular Goebel way. The team that played against them was reinforced by heavy men not connected with either the Institute or the High School, several of them by fame and appearance suloon-keepers. The policemen would cry out to the crowd, "stand back—Richmond has the ball," and allow "non-combatants" to obstruct the work of the Berea men; and the rulings were all one way. But our men won the most glorious victory they kept their temper.

The Berea delegates who attended the Y. P. S. C. E. Convention met a different set of people from those on the ball-ground, and were treated with the utmost cordiality and kindness. The Berea Church had 14 delegates, including Prof. Lockwick, Dr. Burgess, Mrs. Vocum and Secretary Gamble.

Treasurer Osborne has several houses to rent to families who wish to live in Berea and send their children to school. Most of these houses contain stoves, beds, chairs and tables, so that people need bring only dishes and bedding. Two rooms can

After Life's Fitful Fever

Is over do you think you could sleep well if you'd left a widow and some orphans on earth in want? Don't take the chances. Take out a policy with

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of Kentucky

It will make sure provision for your family, or for YOURSELF in your old age, if you have no family to provide for. For particulars call or write

W. H. PORTER, District Agent
Berea Banking Company,
Berea, Ky.
J. C. BECK, Jr., Special Agent,
State Bank and Trust Bldg.,
Richmond, Ky.

BUY AND BUILD. Treasurer Osborne has several fine building lots in different parts of the town for sale cheap to persons who desire to build and make a home in Berea.

NEW LYCEUM COURSE.

That the readers of THE CITIZEN may know that a Lyceum Course is being provided for the people of Berea and vicinity, as in recent years, the names and dates of entertainers are given thus early in the year. It will be observed that four of the five come during the winter term, and the other very early in the spring term. All but one are new to this place; and no apology is needed for opening the course with so charming an entertainer as Mrs. Beecher. Nights have been secured which do not conflict with other important gatherings. It is hoped that our friends will avoid making other appointments for these dates. The following is the schedule:

Sat., Dec. 14 Mrs. Isabel Garghill Beecher

Sat., Jan. 11 Hon. Wm. H. Sanders

Mon., Feb. 10 Miss Katharine Eggleston

Wed., Feb. 26 Reno B. Welbourn

Sat., Mar. 22 Ralph Parlette

The first of the above, though not in perfect voice when here before, was adjudged one of the most entertaining readers who ever visited Berea.

The second is recommended as giving a lecture full of grand thoughts and delivered with wonderful eloquence.

The third is a reader who captivates her audiences, wherever she goes.

The fourth has gained a national reputation for his discoveries in wireless telegraphy and his popular illustration of it.

The fifth is a humorist of humorists. His lectures contain nuggets of the solid gold of practical wisdom, but they sparkle with wit and fun and satire.

Single admission to each entertainment 25 cents, season tickets \$1.00. Children under 12 years, 15 cents and 60 cents.

L. V. DODGE.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY

On the Stand to the Court of Inquiry.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Admiral Schley told his story of the Santiago campaign before the court of inquiry. He reviewed the campaign from its inception, relating the events and incidents in a straightforward and collected manner. Narrating the story of the battle, he said the Brooklyn had for a time sustained the fire of all four of the Spanish ships, and also the fire of the Spanish land batteries. He claimed the last shot fired from the Brooklyn, his flagship, was that which he had not fired during the battle, but in any case, with the exception of the shot which he fired, the Brooklyn was the only ship that sustained the fire of the Spanish ships. This, he said, was the only shot which he fired during the battle, but in any case, with the exception of the shot which he fired, the Brooklyn was the only ship that sustained the fire of the Spanish ships. This, he said, was the only shot which he fired during the battle, but in any case, with the exception of the shot which he fired, the Brooklyn was the only ship that sustained the fire of the Spanish ships.

Admiral Schley then, in his testimony, has directly contradicted every officer, including the Brooklyn, with the exception of the shot which he fired, the Brooklyn was the only ship that sustained the fire of the Spanish ships. This, he said, was the only shot which he fired during the battle, but in any case, with the exception of the shot which he fired, the Brooklyn was the only ship that sustained the fire of the Spanish ships. This, he said, was the only shot which he fired during the battle, but in any case, with the exception of the shot which he fired, the Brooklyn was the only ship that sustained the fire of the Spanish ships.

Settling Crossed Land.

Washington, Oct. 26.—Admiral Schley was cross-examined very closely by Judge William C. Brewster in the court of inquiry. Nothing sensational developed, and the only subject in the court was when Mr. Brewster, Admiral Schley, was asked to explain a line of battle which he had drawn, designed to indicate the position of the ships during the battle. Admiral Schley said that he had drawn the line of battle as he saw it, and that he was not sure of the exact position of the ships.

Over the Falls in a Barrel.

Pittsburg, Oct. 26.—A man who has been in the city for some time, Mrs. Anna K. was found dead in the Canadian side, and the body was found in a barrel. The man who was found in the barrel was found in the Canadian side, and the body was found in a barrel. The man who was found in the barrel was found in the Canadian side, and the body was found in a barrel.

Had Stamps in a Satchel.

Chicago, Oct. 26.—The police received information of the arrest of three men at Chicago, N. Y., who are believed to be the gang who robbed the Chicago postoffice. A watchful full of postage stamps of large denominations was in their possession. The men were caught in the New York Central yards by the company's detective. The men put up a desperate fight before they were overcome.

Section Men Killed.

Albany, Mich., Oct. 26.—Three section men were struck by a train here and instantly killed. The dead men were John Skinner, 39, single; Harry T. Fox, 39, single; and Alvin M. Allen, 39, single. The train had been on the road on a lumbering log train, and the men were on the track, and were returning to this village when struck by the train.

Rescued the Star.

London, Oct. 26.—The war office has ordered the immediate release of three members of the Cuban Volunteer contingent who, returning to England, had been ordered to return to Cuba. The contingent was ordered to return to Cuba, and the three members were ordered to return to Cuba. The contingent was ordered to return to Cuba, and the three members were ordered to return to Cuba.

"Last winter a small child of nine had cramp in a violent form," says Elder John W. Rogers, a Christian Evangelist, of Filthy, Mo. "I gave her a few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and in a short time all danger was past and the child recovered." This remedy not only cures cramp, but when given as soon as the first symptoms appear, will prevent the attack. It contains no opium or other harmful substance and may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by S. E. Welch, Jr.

Members of the special from Meridian, Miss., reports the shooting of a A. A. Crenshaw, a Newton county farmer, and his 18-year-old daughter, by a lawless named Fox, who called to serve a writ of attachment. The farmer and his daughter opened fire on the lawless, and he returned the fire. The lawless is thought to be fatally hurt, but the girl will recover. Fox escaped injury.

Lawyer a Dead Shot.

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Buller Relieved.

London, Oct. 27.—In consequence of the speech of General Sir Buller made Oct. 19, after the lunch given in his honor by the King's Royal Rifles, the war office has relieved him of the command of the First army corps. He has been placed on half pay, and General French has been appointed to succeed him.

Big Blaze.

Philadelphia, Oct. 23.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the dining and hall portions of Congressman Robert H. Forrester's leather factory at Bridgeport, a suburb of this city. The loss is estimated at over \$100,000, fully covered by insurance.

Oil Mill Burned.

Groesbeck, Tex., Oct. 23.—The Groesbeck cottonseed oil mill was destroyed by fire. Loss \$55,000, insurance \$40,000.

PHILADELPHIA HOLOCAUST.

A Score of Persons Perish to a Fire and Many Are Injured.

Philadelphia, Oct. 26.—As the awful result of a fire to persons it is known to have perished, and over a score of others, in the burning of the old 15-story structure, 1219 and 1221 Market street, occupied by Hunt, Wilkinson & Company, upholsterers and furniture dealers, and three-story buildings occupied by small merchants. The big furniture building extended back a half block to Center street, and was owned by Henry C. Lea.

Never in its history has Philadelphia experienced a fire which spread with such great rapidity. All occurred within an hour. The origin of the death-dealing conflagration is unknown. It is said that an explosion of naphtha or gasoline in the basement was the cause, but this is denied by Mr. Wilkinson. The victims were employees, a few visitors and a number of workmen engaged in repair work on the building. A dozen were killed. The financial loss is estimated at \$1,000,000.

Five Miners Killed.

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Oct. 26.—Five men were killed and nine injured by a terrible explosion of gas in the Clinton mine of the Parich Coal company, about one mile south of here. The killed are: Elmer J. Williams, first assistant foreman; Conner Williams, second assistant foreman; Thos. Price, company hauler; Thos. Price, driver; and W. S. Phillips, inspector. Directly after the explosion occurred a number of persons, at the risk of their lives, entered the mine, filled with dangerous fumes, and brought out the bodies of the dead and the injured. So far as can be learned, the explosion was caused by the careless use of one of the dynamite laborers, who was injured. He opened his safety lamp while at work in his chamber.

Packing House Fire.

Chicago, Oct. 21.—Fire which broke out in the plant of the H. Hammond Packing company at Hammond, Ind., destroyed about half a million dollars worth of buildings and slaughtered cattle. Hammond's fire department was unable to handle the fire, and it was sent from here and sent to Chicago. The following buildings were destroyed: Export beef cooler; 4-story brick and frame structure containing thousands of head of slaughtered cattle; cool storage warehouse; the entire beef slaughtering house; and beef slaughtering house. About half a dozen other buildings, occupied as residences by officers of the company, and a brick structure of the general offices were also destroyed.

Baby and a Lamp.

Pittsburg, Oct. 28.—The two-month-old baby of a mother in Allegheny pulled a kerosene lamp from a table and was so badly burned that he can live but a few hours. His mother, Mary Foster, in her efforts to save the baby was seriously harmed about the head and breast. Her recovery is doubtful. Three neighbors, Peter Grimes, Patrick McDermott and James McGovern, were all painfully burned about the face and hands while extinguishing the flames which enveloped the mother and child and threatened the destruction of the house. In her excitement Mrs. Foster ran into the yard with her clothing ablaze. It became necessary for the rescuers to literally tear her clothing from her.

French Government to Miners.

Paris, Oct. 26.—It has been reported that the French government would send members of the miners' committee (which is at St. Etienne with its deliberations) to the result of its deliberations. In ordering a strike under present conditions, he would render him of little to a sentence for inciting to riot, and that the government would prosecute if necessary. This action, it is believed, caused the committee to temper.

Train Wrecked.

Dec. 20, 1906. The 25-passenger train No. 1 on the Chicago Burlington and Quincy was wrecked two miles east of the village of Exline. There were about 10 passengers in the coach, and of these three were fatally and one seriously injured. The entire train, consisting of a coach and mail and baggage car, was on the bank of the river, and over a 40-foot embankment. The cars were all knocked to pieces.

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GAVE UP HIS LIFE

McKinley's Assassin Pays Tribute to Outraged Law.

CZOLGOSZ EXECUTED AND BURIED.

Clothing, Papers and Other Articles of the Murderer Buried Immediately After His Death. Final Interviews With His Relatives, Officials and Clergymen.

An hour N. Y., Oct. 29.—The entire has dropped on the final scene in the last act of a dreadful drama that portrayed the passing of a nation's loved chief executive at the hands of a miserable assassin. The slayer of McKinley is dead. Leon Czolgosz, shortly after 7 a. m. today, yielded up his life in the electric chair in execution of a crime that startled civilization. The faced death stolidly. He showed no strength of love for kin, nor did he turn to any of those higher considerations which ordinarily claim the thoughts of men occupying his position. He may have suffered untold tortures, but outwardly, he seemed calm and indifferent.

From an artistic and mechanical standpoint the execution was a success. Within a few minutes after the current had been turned on the physical man ceased to exist. The assassin's spirit had winged its flight into eternity. When all was over, Warden McNeil issued a brief statement describing the last scenes and the execution. In the latter he was assisted by Warden N. Thayer, former warden of Dannemora prison, and Superintendent Collins of Auburn penitentiary. Executives having turned on the fatal current in the room adjoining the death chamber was a table upon which the corpse of Czolgosz was placed for the autopsy. This completed the body was laid in a coffin of plain pine stained black.

Only 25 persons, the number prescribed by law, witnessed the execution. Czolgosz was dressed in a very simple manner for the death chair, a pair of black trousers, a coarse gray shirt and a pair of gray socks completing the outfit. He wore no undergarments and no shoes. The left leg of the trousers was slit at the bottom to permit the free adjustment of his electric and the shirt was open at the neck. The plan of burning his clothes and papers was carried out immediately after the execution.

The state is not to surrender possession of his body and by sundown it will have been secretly interred in ground controlled by the officials of Auburn prison.

The Last Interviews.

Czolgosz during the night had his last interviews with Superintendent Collins and with his brother and his lawyer. Both of the interviews were brief and the interviewers did most of the talking until the question of religion was mentioned, when Czolgosz broke from his seeming lethargy and vehemently denounced the church and the clergy and made his relative promise that there should be no lie for him living or dead.

When the brother and brother-in-law arrived Superintendent Collins took them down to the condemned man's cell. There was no demonstration when they met. Czolgosz merely stepped to the front of his steel cage and said, "Hello."

The brother ventured the remark: "I wish you would tell us, Leon, who got you into this scrape." The assassin answered in a slow, hesitating manner, "No one. Nobody had anything to do with it but me."

"That is not how you were brought up," said the brother, "and you ought to tell us everything now."

"I haven't anything to tell," he answered, in a sorry manner.

"Do you want to see the priests again?" asked his brother. He answered with more vehemence than he had previously shown. "No, damn them! don't send them here again, I don't want them."

The brother-in-law interjected here: "That's right, Leon."

The brother looked rather disturbed by the answer. Then stepping up close to the bars, the condemned man said, "And don't you have any praying over me when I'm dead? I don't want it. I don't want any of their religion."

There was a painful pause of a few minutes and then the relatives resumed casual conversation with him, to which he replied in monosyllables until the brother-in-law suggested, much to Superintendent Collins' surprise, that he and the brother be permitted to witness the execution. Before this superintendent could reply, Leon Czolgosz said, "Yes, Mr. Superintendent. Let them see me killed." Superintendent Collins told the trio in emphatic terms that no such thing could be allowed, and ordered them to say good-bye.

Czolgosz's Remains.

The body of Czolgosz was not removed from Auburn. Superintendent of State Prisons Cornelius V. Collins and Warden J. Warren Mead, after hours of controversy with Czolgosz's brother, succeeded in obtaining from him the following relinquishment of the family claims to the remains of the assassin: "I hereby authorize you, as warden of Auburn prison, to dispose of the body of my brother, Leon F. Czolgosz, by burying it in the cemetery attached to the prison, as provided by the law of the state of New York. This request is made upon the express understanding that no part of the remains will be given to any person or society, but that the entire body will be buried in accordance with the law in the cemetery attached to the prison."

THE MARKETS.

AS REPORTED BY
A. G. JOHNSON & CO.
CHICAGO, SAT. OCT. 27

CATTLE—Common.....	\$1.05	\$2.75
" Butcher.....	4.15	4.85
" Shippers.....	4.50	5.25
CALVES—Common.....	6.00	6.50
" Large Common.....	3.50	4.50
HOGS—Common.....	4.00	6.00
" Fair, good light.....	5.65	6.00
" Packing.....	6.15	6.30
SHEEP—Good to choice.....	2.25	2.75
" Common to fair.....	1.25	2.25
LAMBS—Good to choice.....	3.50	4.35
" Common to fair.....	2.00	3.25
WHEAT—No. 2 Red.....	74	84
CORN—No. 2 mixed.....	60	68
OATS—No. 2.....	38	38
RYE—No. 2.....	56	57
FLOUR—Winter patent.....	3.35	3.75
" Family.....	2.95	3.20
" Family.....	2.30	2.60
MILL FEED.....	17.00	19.50
HAY—No. 1 Timothy.....	13.00	13.25
" No. 2.....	10.50	11.00
" No. 1 Clover.....	9.50	10.00
" No. 2.....	7.50	8.10
" COUNTRY.....	8	8
Springer per lb.....	8	8
Hens.....	7	7
Roosters.....	4	4
Turkey.....	8	8
Spring Turkey.....	8	8
Ducks.....	6	6
Eggs—Fresh near by.....	17	17
" Goose.....	17	17
HIDES—Wet salted.....	74	84
" No. 1 dry salt.....	9	11
" Bull.....	64	74
" Sheep skins.....	10	11
TALLOW—Prime city.....	6	64
" Country.....	5	54
WOOL—Unwashed.....	16	17
medium combing.....	21	22
Washed long.....	22	25
Tub washed.....	22	25
FEATHERS.....	41	41
Gesno, now nearly white.....	38	42
" gray to average.....	28	35
Duck, colored to white.....	28	35
Chicken, white, quills.....	12	15
Timken, body dry.....	12	15

A Problem in Arithmetic.

Berea is not a money making institution. It gives the services of all its teachers. It charges only an incidental fee to help pay for sweeping and warming the school rooms, etc.

The Hospital fee insures care in any sickness, so that you are safer in Berea than at home!

And then you must live at Berea (you have to eat even if you stay at home!). You may board yourself under proper regulations, board in approved families in Berea, or board at cost in College buildings. The items are given below, and should be studied carefully. Notice especially:

1. Room, fuel, incidental fee and one month's board must be paid in advance.
2. Fuel will be 50 cents more in the winter, 60 cents less in the spring.
3. Students below A Grammar School pay only \$3.50 for incidental; Academy students pay \$5.50, and College students pay \$6.50.
4. Students in A Grammar and below have free text-books.
5. Students bring their own bedding and towels.
6. If you get any work to do for the College you are paid at the end of each month in credits on school expenses.
7. They can't lend you money, but the Treasurer and every teacher will be your friend.

A Typical South African Store.

O. R. Larson, of Bay Villa, Sundays River, Cape Colony, conducts a store typical of South Africa, at which can be purchased anything from the proverbial "needle to an anchor." This store is situated in a valley nine miles from the nearest railway station and about twenty-five miles from the nearest town. Mr. Larson says: "I am favored with the custom of farmers within a radius of thirty miles, of whom I have supplied Chamberlain's remedies. All testify to their value in a household where a doctor's advice is almost out of the question. Within one mile of my store the population is perhaps sixty. Of these, within the past twelve months, no less than fourteen have been absolutely cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This must surely be a record." For sale by S. E. Welch, Jr.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

Any person sending a sketch and description may easily ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Office Agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the

Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year. Four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & CO. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 627 F St., Washington, D. C.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON IV, FOURTH QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, OCT. 27.

Text of the Lesson, Gen. xlv. 1-15
Memory Verses, 4-7—Golden Text, Rom. xli. 21—Commentary Prepared by the Rev. D. M. Stearns.

[Copyright, 1901, by American Press Association.]
13 "There stood no man with him while Joseph made himself known unto his brethren." The story as told in the intervening chapters between the first lesson and this one is most fascinating in its detail of Joseph's dealings with his brethren, but especially in its foreshadowing of coming events in connection with the return of Christ and His revelation to His brethren. The first visit of Joseph's ten brethren to buy corn, Benjamin being carefully kept at home lest evil might befall him, Joseph's recognition of his brethren, his trying them by calling them spies and putting them in ward three days, their remembrance of their sin and conversation concerning it in the presence of Joseph, whom they supposed did not understand their language, as he had spoken to them through an interpreter, his holding Simeon as a hostage till they should bring their younger brother, his sending the others back with corn and each man's money secretly put in his sack and Jacob's painful way when told that the ruler of Egypt would not see them again unless Benjamin was with them. This is all told in chapter xli. Then, second visit, taking Benjamin and double money (he returned money and money to buy more corn) and a present for the man, Joseph's reception of them and feast for them in his own house, with his special interest in and favor to Benjamin, are told in chapter xlii. Joseph's plan, accordingly, to return Benjamin and the eunuchs and eloquent plea of Jacob, who had become surety for Benjamin, are the topics of chapter xliii. Now follow in our lesson Joseph's revelation of himself to them.

4, 5 "And Joseph said unto his brethren, Come nearer to me I pray you." Nothing in his heart but love and pity and forgiveness for them as he years ago told them. He would take them to his heart and bless them, bidding them not to be grieved nor angry with themselves because of their past iniquity, assuring them that God had overruled all for the good of many. His words, while comforting, were truly heart searching, for we cannot know the comfort of forgiveness in its fullness till we have seen and felt something of the enormity of our sin. To his first words, "I am Joseph," he now adds, "I am Joseph, your brother, whom ye sold into Egypt." There could be no mistaking this. He was the very same Joseph whom they had envied and hated and sold as a slave to the Midianites, as they said, "We shall see what will become of his dreams."

6, 7 "God sent me before you to preserve you a posterity in the earth and to save your lives by a great deliverance." We can hardly suppose that the hand of God was as plain to Joseph in all the events of the past years, in his slavery and imprisonment, as it was to him now looking back upon it from the glory to which he had been brought. We cannot see how all things are working together for our good as children of God, and we do not always consider that they work together according to His purpose to conform us to the image of His Son (Rom. viii. 29), but as truly as Joseph could look back and see, not his cruel brethren, but God working out His purposes, so we should find that no real evil has ever befallen us and that all enemies and all adverse circumstances have been really for us, for our good, under the controlling hand of God.

8 "So now it was not you that sent me hither, but God, and He hath made me a father to Pharaoh." Note the threefold "God sent me" (verses 5, 7, 8). We think of our Lord Jesus, who, when suffering so much from His enemies, saw not them, but His Father, and said, "The cup which My Father hath given Me, shall I not drink it?" (John xviii, 11.) When Shimei cursed David and threw stones at him, David saw not Shimei, but God, and just left him to God to manage (1 Sam. xvi, 1-13). It is blessed indeed to see God and not people or circumstances, and believe that no man can move its tongue against us without God's permission (Eccl. x, 7). See also Isa. xli, 12, 13; Rev. 17.

9-11 "Thus saith thy son Joseph, God hath made me lord of all Egypt. Come down unto me, tarry with me." This was the message to his dear old father urging him to come quickly with all his children and children's children and flocks and herds that Joseph might nourish and care for them. See the verses following the portion assigned for our lesson and note the interest Pharaoh took in bringing Jacob and all that he had down to Egypt, sending wagons for the wives and little ones and urging them to regard not their stuff, because the good of all the land of Egypt was theirs. Our Lord Jesus said in His prayer to His Father, when speaking of His disciples, "The glory which thou hast given Me I have given them" (John xvii, 22), and it is written in 1 Cor. xii, 21-23, that all things are ours, but many heirs of God and joint heirs with Christ are so occupied with their stuff and the care of it that they neither see nor enjoy their riches in Christ.

12, 13 "Tell my father of all my glory in Egypt and of all that ye have seen." They probably found it difficult to believe their eyes, for it must have seemed too good and too wonderful to be true. When they arrived home and told their father, he believed them not until he saw the wagons which Joseph had sent. Then his spirit revived, and he said: "It is enough. Joseph, my son, is yet alive. I will go and see him before I die" (verse 20-21). As believers hearing testimony to Christ, His sufferings and His glory and our inheritance in Him, many will not believe unless they see some wagon, something in our lives to prove the truth of our words. We are to love and prove our love not by words only, but by the good works which He will work in us.

14, 15 The weeping and kissing and the communion afterward make us think of the welcome which the prodigal son received and the feast that followed. This is the fourth of the seven weepings of Joseph, two of which are in our lesson (verse 2 and here, two in chapter 1 and one each in chapters xlii, xliii, xli). They are worthy of particular study. Note also the three weepings of our Lord, at the grave of Lazarus, over Jerusalem, and in Gethsemane, and consider that by His great humiliation and sacrifice He has made provision for the forgiveness and forgiving near and everlasting care of all who come to Him.

YOUR POSTMASTER

Is the authorized agent for THE CITIZEN. Give him FIFTY CENTS and he will send you THE NEAREST, CLEANEST, NEWSPAPER you ever read, fifty two times, one each week for a year.

MALCOM KIRK.

A Tale of Moral Heroism In Overcoming the World.

By CHARLES M. SHELDON,
Author of "In His Steps," "Crucifixion of Philip Morris," "Robert Hardy's Seven Days."

(Copyright, 1900, by the Advance Publishing Co.)

(CONTINUED.)

CHAPTER XVI.

FAITH FIGHTS A BATTLE AND "OVERCOMES."

Faith Kirk was having one of her great battles as she worked over that Sunday dinner. And she had not fought it out when the family returned, bringing with them four friends of Mr. Fulton, business acquaintances from other cities, whose good will it was necessary to keep.

The dinner was served promptly, and Faith had no reason to feel afraid of her success. Mrs. Fulton even came out into the kitchen when it was over and complimented her on the dinner. The guests lighted cigars and retired to the library with Mr. Fulton. It was now nearly 4 o'clock. By the time everything was cleared away in the kitchen it was half past 4 and in the thick winter day dark already.

Faith went up to her room tired and rebellious. She sat down and at first said she would not go to church. Then she thought of the dear home circle, and for almost the first time since she came away she grew dreadfully homesick.

She threw herself down on her bed in the dark and had a good, hard cry. When it was over, she felt somewhat ashamed and lay still awhile, thinking. Then she rose and suddenly turned on her electric light.

"Faith Kirk, you are ashamed of yourself! Is this Malcom Kirk's daughter?" She asked the question as she put on her cloak and hat and resolutely determined to go to church and be a good Christian in spite of her troubles.

"To him that overcometh," the verse happened to be the subject of the Endeavor meeting that very night, and as she took up her Bible and went out of the house she was feeling better as she started down the avenue and then turned toward one of the churches of the same denomination as the one at home. For she was homesick enough to feel that she would enjoy the worship better in such a church.

Faith's Sundays in Chicago since she had been there were not at all like the Sundays at home. She had at first tried to attend a church near her boarding place. But at the end of her Sunday experience she had found some Sunday work to do in connection with one of the social settlements. That work was now too far away, and she was compelled to give it up.

Tonight, she said, she would go to the Endeavor meeting in the large church only a few blocks from Mrs. Fulton's. She had seen the notice on the outside of the building, giving 8 o'clock as the hour of service.

The young people held their meeting in the chapel or prayer meeting room adjoining the main room. It was beautifully lighted and furnished, and as Faith went in she was greeted at the door by a young woman, who gave her a topic card and a hymnbook and then showed her to a seat.

The meeting began promptly, and Faith could not help wondering a little as she looked around at the very well dressed young men and women how much any of them knew about the struggle of overcoming. The next moment she rebuked herself for judging others.

"They all have their trials no doubt," she said. "It won't do to judge from appearances. Rich folks are not the happiest ones." She enjoyed the singing, and some of the more familiar Endeavor songs brought tears to her eyes.

When the hour was about half gone, Faith had an impulse to give her testimony. She kept saying to herself that what she had been through that day was something that might help the others. In her father's church at home the young people had always been encouraged to help one another by relating their experiences, and Faith had no other thought in mind when she rose during a pause and told very frankly something of her struggle that very day.

The young people all turned and looked at her in surprise. Faith knew how to express herself very well. Her father had helped her very much. She did not mean to exaggerate her difficulties, but she spoke more frankly than she might if she had not been overflowing from the day's experience. Besides, her heart warmed to find herself in the society once more, and she longed for the Christian fellowship.

When she sat down, she had time to think if she had said anything she ought not. She had simply confessed her struggle as the Bible said Christians ought, and she had only incidentally mentioned the fact that she was working out. At home they had girls in the society who worked out at service, and they did not think much about it.

graduate and that her father had more than one letter from the pastor of the very church where she now was commending the work done in Conrad and asking for counsel as to similar work in the great city. Then she glowed with shame for her lack of courage. "If I did tell them what I am doing, it is no disgrace! It is an honest thing to do. I am not ashamed of it."

In spite of all that, when the meeting was over, Faith fancied that the girl who had been sitting next to her turned away very hurriedly without trying to speak to her. The one who had ushered her to her seat, however, came to her and introduced her to a girl standing near by. The girl shook hands rather stiffly and then excused herself, saying she had some committee work to do. Faith was left standing alone, and no one else spoke to her. She tried to believe that there was no intention in the neglect. But her face burned, and she finally resolved to go out, to shake the dust of that church from her feet and never return to it.

She had reached the door when the face of her father came up before her, the patient, loving, long suffering father at home, who had, to Faith's own knowledge, endured for years numberless privations and slights without losing his Christian manhood or courage. With the face of her father also came another, the Master's, as Faith remembered it from one of the pictures she had at home of Christ in Gethsemane.

"This is not overcoming," she said to herself, and at the door of the chapel she stopped, walked back to the church door entrance and went into the main room.

An usher showed her to a good seat, and she sat there with her head bowed for 15 minutes before the service began. When she raised her head, her eyes were wet with tears, and the people near her looked surprised. But Faith had overcome. She had fought another battle on that eventful Lord's day and had won the victory.

When the service began, she enjoyed it. The singing was by a quartet, and to Faith in her present condition the music came with refreshing. The sermon helped her too. It was on the subject of Christ's sufferings, and she felt ashamed as she listened and compared her own troubles with those of the great Sufferer for the sins of a whole world.

At the close of the service she hesitated, but finally went up to the front of the church and introduced herself to the minister.

He was one of the Chicago pastors who had known her father when he was in the ministry. They were not in the same class, but had corresponded a little of late years.

"What?" he exclaimed as Faith spoke her name. "Miss Kirk of Conrad? My dear," he called to his wife, who was near by, "this is Malcom Kirk's daughter. You remember his stories in the papers. Our boys think there are no stories just like his. We are so glad to see you."

The minister's wife greeted her very kindly, and Faith almost cried, she was so touched by their cordial reception.

"Where are you stopping in the city?" the minister asked.

Faith hesitated and then frankly told him where she was and what she was doing. There was a moment's look of surprise on the faces of the minister and his wife, but they were genuine Christians, and without asking any more questions the minister's wife said as she laid a loving hand on Faith's arm:

"My dear, come and take tea with us next Sunday evening at 5. Don't fail, will you?"

She gave Faith their house number, and Faith walked out of the church feeling as if some Christianity were left in that great sinful city after all.

That night she wrote home a long letter to her mother, telling her all about her work and especially the experience of that day. When she finished, she prayed for blessing on all the dear home circle, and in greater peace of soul than she had known in a long time she committed herself to the care of the All Father.

As the week's work began again, the Fultons found themselves wondering how long the new girl's capabilities would hold out. Faith combined her father's physical endurance and her mother's New England thrift and neatness. Her kitchen shone with brightness. Her meals were delightful surprises to every member of the family. Her good nature seemed unfailing.

"We've got a real treasure," even Mrs. Fulton confessed Wednesday evening to her husband. "The only thing I dread is that she may not hold out. I have never been satisfied with any girl I ever had."

partly good ear, and her technique was almost professional.

She had not had an opportunity to touch a piano since leaving home. The sight of the open keyboard and the new music fascinated her. Gradually she neared the piano as she was dusting off the furniture, and finally she sat down on the stool and began dusting the keys.

The sound of the notes as her cloth pressed on the ivory seemed to make her forget her surroundings.

She changed the dusting cloth to her left hand and struck a few chords with her right. The instrument was in fine tune, and before she knew what she was doing she had dropped her cloth on the floor and begun the opening measures of the march before her.

After a few attempts the music began to come to her. The march was not difficult, and she was fairly caught by its popular swing and rhythm. She forgot where she was and what she was, a "hired girl," who was not supposed to know anything about pianos.

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sharply several times, but apparently found nothing in the girl's face to annoy her. The only embarrassing feature of the meal to Faith was the fact that several times she was conscious that the young man, Malcom, was looking at her very directly. It was not a stare, but it embarrassed Faith somewhat. His face was honest and manly, but the look he often turned toward her was very searching.

She was relieved when the meal was over and she could clear things away. It was Thursday afternoon, and she very quickly put her kitchen to rights and, running up to her room, she put on hat and cloak and went out. She determined to have another look at the picture on State street if it were still there. And if it was gone a plan had suddenly come to her mind which she had resolved to try before going back to the Fultons.

She had been gone out of the house only a few minutes when a conversation occurred in the parlor which would have interested her intensely if she could have heard it.

The young man, Malcom, had been ill at ease all through the luncheon. When it was over, he had gone into the library, where he had asked leave to write a letter. He was evidently a business acquaintance of Mr. Fulton's, but the conversation at the table revealed the fact that he had not been in the Fulton home before.

He finished his letter and went into the parlor. Mrs. Fulton and Alice were there. The girl had not gone to school.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)



"In other words," said Edward Blake, "you mean that I will have to lie?"

The stories written by Rev. Charles M. Sheldon teach lessons. The lessons are apt to be timely and pertinent. His latest story

Edward Blake, College Student,

tells a lot about the life of the average college man. It is an excellent story and we are sure it will be enjoyed by our readers.

We have purchased it and the first chapters will be printed soon

WANTED.—Capable, reliable person in every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation; \$200 salary per year, payable weekly; \$1 per day absolutely sure and all expenses, straight, bona-fide, definite salary, no commission; salary paid each Saturday and expenses money advanced each week. STANDARD HOUSE, 34 DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO.

Stricken With Paralysis.

Henderson Grimett, of this place was stricken with partial paralysis and completely lost the use of one arm and side. After being treated by an eminent physician for quite a while without relief, my wife recommended Chamberlain's Pain Balm, and after using two bottles of it he is almost entirely cured.—George R. McDonald, Man, Logan Co., W. Va. Several other very remarkable cures of partial paralysis have been effected by the use of this ointment. It is most widely known, however, as a cure for rheumatism, sprains and bruises. Sold by S. E. Welch, Jr.

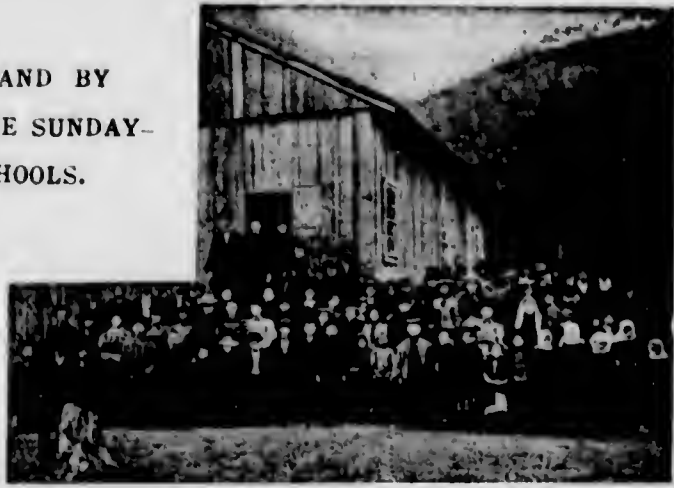
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STAND BY
THE SUNDAY-
SCHOOLS.

The dearest thing in the home is of course the children. Fathers and mothers devote themselves to the rearing of their sons and daughters, but they cannot bring them up in the best way without help from outside. The two best helpers undoubtedly are the Sunday-school and the day school.

Just at this time of the year comes the fight to keep the children going to the public schools, and to keep the Sunday-school moving on. In the spring we start out bravely with the Sunday-school, and it goes along prosperously through the warm months, but when the chill winds of October and November begin to blow, with the falling rain and the rise of the streams, many a Sunday-school goes out like a lantern in the night.

Now what we want to say to fathers and mothers, and all who are interested in Sunday-school work, is this: we ought to make the greatest possible endeavor to keep the Sunday-school running through the winter months. Our children have to live through the winter, and if they do not have the Sunday-school to give them good thoughts they will grow stupid, sitting by the fire all winter, or will get into mischief for lack of training and occupation. It is an old proverb that "Satan finds some mischief still for idle hands to do," and many a child is injured for life by the lack of occupation and religious teaching during the long winter months.

To keep the Sunday-school going

let us in the first place encourage the teachers. Many a teacher works hard to prepare lessons and attend Sunday-school; and then, instead of being thanked by children and parents, is only criticised. Let us make teachers understand that we appreciate the work they are trying to do for our children.

In the second place, let us stand by the Sunday-schools by attending ourselves, and knowing what the children are doing. Have the children read over the lesson at home before they start, and talk with them a little about it.

In the third place, be sure that the children have suitable clothing so that they can go to Sunday-school even when the weather is cold. In these days a pair of rubber boots or rubber over-shoes, that cost but little will enable the children to walk as far as necessary in the muddy roads and get to Sunday-school with dry feet. How much better it is to pay out a little money for over-shoes than for doctor's bills or bad scrapes on children may get into if they do not receive religious instruction.

One other thing we would say to those who are managing Sunday-schools: be sure to get up something of special interest at this time of the year. Plan for a Christmas tree or for an exhibition. THE CITIZEN will publish several pieces of music useful for school exhibitions which will be equally useful for Sunday-schools. Let us make these school-succeed. God does bless our work.

It is altogether likely that the Blazer Bros. will move their sawmill to the timber lately purchased by Jeff Garrett of Mason Anglin.

Cope & Lambert do lots of grinding on Saturdays and cut a great deal of lumber other days.

Revs. Wesley Lambert and Dan Phelps are holding a meeting at Clear Creek Church.

Mason County.
Maysville.

The scarlet fever, which has been prevalent at this place, has somewhat subsided.

The many friends of L. D. Hemler son are glad to see him out and pursuing his labors after a long attack of rheumatism.

Miss Mattie Harris, who has been quite ill with the typhoid fever, is convalescing.

The graduates that were promoted from the East End School to the Fifth Street High School are Susie Stevens and James Mundy.

Mrs. Lillie Randolph, who has been visiting the Queen City, has returned home.

Rev. Wm. Underwood, of Indianapolis, has been holding a series of meetings at the Plymouth Church.

Miss Linnie Higgins has been in disposed for several days.

Mrs. E. Bailey is visiting her sister at Germantown.

Augustus Morton is recovering after a severe spell of sickness.

Charlie Lane, one of Mason County's best young men, is pursuing a lucrative business in Oberlin, Ohio.

Breathitt County.
Shoulder Blade.

Making sorghum seems to be the chief occupation of the people in these parts.

Frost has been quite plentiful back from the river.

Clifton Reynolds, who is doing business at the mouth of Old Buck, is planning to become a Berea student this winter.

The Singing School at this place had a march on last Sabbath, but were disturbed in the evening by some parties.

Ned Gross, who resides near this place on Old Buck, is not expected to live long.

The wife of John B. Lewis died not long ago.

THE HOME.

These delightful autumn days call to mind how at this season of the year we used to put up bacon, ham, sausage, beef, sauerkraut, and other good things for winter consumption. The Critzes man used to live on a farm, and believes, from ten years experience, that no one can live so comfortably (I do not say luxuriously) as the farmer for so little outlay of money. In ten years of residence on a farm we did not spend ten dollars for meat, butter, eggs, chickens, milk, fruit or vegetables, and very little money was spent for bread-stuffs. We were never without the things mentioned; everything was raised and saved at home, and we always had lard, tallow, chickens, fat pigs and vegetables more than we needed, so we disposed of these for such groceries, etc., as we could not raise at home.

We did not like pork as a steady diet so we used to select a nice well-fed young beef animal, and about the first cool days in November we slaughtered it and put up all the choice meat parts for winter use in pickle the receipt for which will be given below; the rough parts, shins, bones, head, two pickled the tongue and hams, from which the meat had been cut we put in the big kettle on doors and thoroughly stewed the whole together and then strained it well and put the liquid up in jars, and in winter wife would cut a chunk out of it (for it would be a stiff jelly) and put it over the fire, and you never tasted better soup than that was in your life. The stuff that was strained out the chickens turned into eggs for pumpkin pies. The tallow, entrails and scraps of fat not fit for food went into the soap-goose barrel, the hide we sold for cash. The fact is all we could not find good use for were the hocks and the horns, and sometimes we used the horns for powder flasks and dog horns. We never had one pound of beef to spoil on our hands, and we nearly always had some to use in late spring.

This is the way we made the pickle: Four gallons of water, six and a half pounds of coarse salt, one and a half pounds dark brown sugar, two ounces saltpetre, boil till every thing is dissolved, skimming it well while boiling; let it get cold, and pour over the meat, having the meat well packed in a clean barrel. Make enough pickle to thoroughly cover the meat, weighting it down with a clean rock. You can use from it right along, and if you want to you can in about three weeks take some of the choice lean cuts without bone and hang them to dry for chipped beef. Cut your meat in pieces the right size to use, so you won't have to disturb all the meat in the barrel when you want some to cook.

Here is a splendid recipe for cookies for the children. (Grown folks eat 'em too.) Four eggs, two cups brown sugar, one teaspoon soda, half cup sour milk, flour enough to make the dough stiff enough to cut out nicely.

One more thing I want to tell you: if you happen to have two or three pounds of steak more than you want to use right away just put it in a clean jar and keep it covered in butter-milk (changing the butter-milk every other day), and it will keep perfectly sweet for a week or more even in hot weather.

When you wake up with a bad taste in your mouth, go at once to S. E. Welch, Jr.'s drug store and get a free sample of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. One or two doses will make you well. They also cure biliousness, sick headache and constipation.

THE SCHOOL.

Edited by J. W. Gamble, Dean of the Normal Department, Berea College.

SCHOOL EXHIBITIONS.

At this time of the year, when weather and work and sometimes sickness keep our children away from school, it is the duty of the teacher to do everything in his power to keep up the interest.

For one thing, now is the time for the teacher to make calls on all the families whose children have been out of school. Find out what is the matter; have a talk with the father and mother about their boys and girls; stir them up to keep the children in school until the very last day.

Another duty of the teacher is to see to it that the trustees provide suitable repairs and fuel for the schoolhouse, so that the children shall run no risk in coming to school.

A third way of keeping up the interest and making the school succeed is to begin to plan at this time for a grand exhibition for the last day of school. Nothing will do the children more good than to have them commit to memory some strong pieces to be recited at the exhibition on the last day. Pick out pieces which are adapted to the different ones, and teach them to repeat them in an earnest, modest way. Do not let them repeat poetry in a sing-song fashion. Have some of the pieces prose. Be sure that all the fathers and mothers and trustees are invited to that last day of the school. Have some good singing by the children. Have a spelling match between the older ones, and let the younger children show what they can do in reading and in mental arithmetic. The following would be a good program for a closing exhibition:

1. Singing (prose).
2. Recitation of memory (prose) by the children.
3. Reading (prose) by the children.
4. Spelling (prose) by the children.
5. Reading (prose) by the children.
6. Spelling (prose) by the children.
7. Reading (prose) by the children.
8. Spelling (prose) by the children.

The Critzes will publish several pieces of music and several pieces of poetry, which will be useful for school exhibitions, in this column next week.

The teacher must be literally absorbed in his work if he would do all that he is capable of doing for the school. He must put his whole soul into his teaching and into his school. The teacher who is sleepy in the school room ought at once to leave it. It is no place to be either lazy or melancholy. If you are either you had best reform. The teacher who is absorbed in his work and loves the children will succeed in spite of all obstacles.

A teacher should be worth more than his salary. If you are getting fifty dollars a month you should teach a hundred dollar school. A man has never succeeded who has not done his best wherever he is placed. The men who receive five and ten thousand dollars a year for their services worked just as hard when they received fifty dollars per month. The man who is constantly complaining, and who shirks his duties because he does not receive as large a salary as he thinks he should, is likely to be worth less than he receives.

BOYS, DO YOU WANT A CHANCE?

Berea College could employ several strong and willing young men to do various kinds of work this fall and earn money toward their expenses in school for the winter. For the benefit of such classes at night have been started, so that they can make some progress in study, even now. Boys who have skill in any trade can earn most, but any strong and willing boy above fifteen years of age can earn something if he applies at once. Call on the College Secretary, Mr. W. C. Gamble.

THE FARM.

Edited by S. C. Mason, Professor of Horticulture, Berea College.

ADVICE ON DRESSING POULTRY.

To be continued.

A well-dressed fowl will, of course, command a higher price than a poorly dressed one, and it is evident there must be quite a loss to the growers and shippers of poultry on this account; and it might not come amiss to give a few hints on dressing fowls properly, as there does not seem to be any need of dressing them poorly.

First of all, crops of all fowls to be killed for market should be entirely empty.

A mistake is generally made by not hanging the fowl up while stripping off the feathers, but holding it with one hand and picking it with the other. One can work rapidly when the bird is hanging, as both hands are then at liberty; the entire, a transparent outside covering of the fowl, is very easily injured, particularly of a scalded bird, and when the bird is held while picking it, this membrane is often rubbed off in spots; and although this injury does not seem to show much at first, afterward these spots turn dark, giving the bird an unsightly appearance. Over-scalding also loosens the entire; therefore we should exercise great care not to keep the birds in the hot water for too long a time when scalding them.

Have the water at the boiling point, yet not actually boiling. Take the bird by the head and feet, and immerse it, lifting up and down in the water three or four times, then hang up by the feet. The head should never be immersed, as it turns the comb pale, and gives the eyes a shrunken appearance. Now remove all the feathers, letting the small ones drop into the barrel beneath and keeping wing and tail feathers by themselves. The small feathers may afterward be spread out and dried, if deemed of value.

The feet of all fowls should be scrupulously clean, washed, or still better, brushed them. I have seen the advice given to scald the feet and then skin them, but I never practiced this myself.

All clotted blood should be removed from the month, and all traces of blood washed from the head.

To give scalded poultry a better appearance, it should be "plumped"; after being plucked clean, dip for two or three seconds into hot and nearly boiling water, then at once into cold water, and leave it there for 15 minutes; then hang up to dry and cool.

The animal heat should be all out and the fowls perfectly dry before packing. Do not wrap the birds in old newspapers, but use new white paper; it will pay. Have some clean, light straw or sawdust in the bottom of the boxes and barrels, and pack poultry back up, legs not doubled under, snugly, so they may not shake about in transit. Straw may be used between the different layers, and also on top before putting on the cover.

With ducks and geese I have had little experience; but good authorities say they should be scalded like other poultry, then wrapped up in a cloth for two or three minutes and let steam. Thus treated the down will all come off with the feathers. F. GREINER, in *The Helpful Hen*.

The excitement incident to traveling and change of food and water often brings on diarrhoea, and for this reason no one should leave home without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by S. E. Welch, Jr.

CORRESPONDENCE

Jackson County.

Kirby Knob.

Mrs. Leonard Garrett and Mrs. H. H. Hatfield, of Berea, with Mrs. Hatfield's mother, Mrs. Coyle from Ohio, visited friends here last week.

Mr. S. B. Combs visited our literary society Saturday night.

Rev. Joseph Hornsby preached at Clover Bottom Sunday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Tice visited friends here last week, going back to Berea Saturday.

Walter Garrett is very low with consumption.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dangherty went to Berea last Saturday.

Mr. D. M. Click and son Charles went to McKee Monday.

Madison County.

Peytontown.

Deacon J. L. Francis was the guest of Howard White last Friday. Mr. Francis is agent for the Sun Life Insurance Company.

G. W. Wright and G. L. Campbell were elegantly entertained Sunday evening by Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tavis.

Mrs. F. E. Campbell and Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Mason were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Finnell last Sunday.

Next Sunday the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be celebrated at the Peytontown Baptist Church.

There will be a supper given here next Saturday night.

Our Sunday School is prospering.

Wallacetown.

Mrs. Elizabeth Ballard is very ill and not expected to recover.

Warren Elkin, while fox-hunting one night last week, fell from a cliff about 30 feet high and broke his collar-bone.

James Gaffney, who has been ill from malaria, is able to be out again. Mrs. Wm. Watson spent Sunday with her mother, Mrs. Ballard.

Cupid has been in our neighborhood again. Mr. Richard Mitchell and Miss Martha Anderson drove to Lancaster, Thursday (17), and were united in wedlock. A long and happy life to them.

Dan Bodkins, one of our merchants, has gone to Louisville to "stock up."

Rev. J. Wills, pastor of the Baptist Church here commenced a protracted meeting Monday night.

Gibb Gaffney is building an addition to his dwelling.

The mile of new turnpike into town is nearing completion.

Mrs. John Wylie, of White Lick, visited Mrs. H. C. Wylie Saturday.

Rockcastle County.

Prof. Jones attended the Teachers' Association at Brodhead last Saturday, and preached at Wilde and Disputanta to large audiences on his way back.

E. B. Smith, former editor and proprietor of the Kentucky Colonel, at Livingston, has sold "The Colonel" to W. B. Hudson, of Barbourville, who will remove the paper to Mt. Vernon. Success to Mr. Hudson and "The Colonel."

Disputanta.

Geo. W. Purkey, the postmaster and live merchant here, will receive subscriptions for THE CITIZEN and take the pay in produce. Fifty cents pays for the paper a whole year. SUBSCRIBE.

Miss Grace Clark is having her cottage ceiled for winter. R. E. Short, of Berea, is doing the work.

Mrs. Mary A. Harding died last Thursday at the home of her son John R. Harding. The burial was at Climax. Mrs. Harding was 81 years old.

O. M. Payne is doing quite a nice business as merchant.

Isaac Harvey is putting a new porch on his house.

Jeff Garrett has bought a line boundary of timber from Mason Anglin.

Rockford.

Good apples (short cores) can be had of Isaac Todd for 30 cents a bushel.

Mrs. Polly Allman, of Richmond, has been visiting her sister here, Mrs. Isaac Todd.

J. S. Waddle has discovered on his land a vein of ore resembling copper bloom. The vein is three inches thick.

Six to
Seven Cents
a Day

will pay for a thousand dollar life insurance, if you are 25 to 50 years of age. To 100, if you're 50 to 60 years old. To 150, if you're 60 to 70 years old, and so on. Write to

The Mutual
Life Insurance
Company
of Kentucky

J. C. BECK, Jr., Special Agent,
State Bank and Trust Bldg.,
Richmond, Ky.

stating your age, and you will receive a guaranteed estimate of actual results from a policy that will fit your case, either for insurance alone or insurance and investment combined.

— REF.

W. H. PORTER, District Agent,
Berea Banking Company,
Berea, Ky.

THE FESTIVAL TIME OF
YEAR IS DRAWING NEAR.

and you will want to make presents to your friends.

An invitation is extended to you to visit me in the Welch Block and inspect my stock of

Clocks, Watches, Fine Cutlery,
Bric-a-Brac. My stock is complete.

Roger's 1847 Silverware twenty per cent lower than ever. I engrave free any purchase made from my store. If you need specialties come to me. EXAMINATION FREE.

T. A. ROBINSON,
OPTICIAN AND JEWELER,

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BEREA COLLEGE Founded
1855

...Places the Best Education in Reach of All...
Over 30 Teachers, 800 Students (from 20 States). Largest College Library in Kentucky. NO SALOONS.

Trade Schools—Carpentry, Printing, Housework, Nursing, two years.
Model Schools—General Education, and fitting for advanced courses.

For those sufficiently advanced to get a teacher's certificate:

Applied Science—Two years course, with Agriculture for young men, and Domestic Science for young ladies.

Normal Course—Two years, with practice teaching.

Academy Course—Four years, fitting for College, for business, and College Course—Literary, Philosophical, Classical. [for life

Music—Read Organ, Choral (free), Vocal, Piano, Theory.

We are here to help all who will help themselves toward a Christian education. Our instruction is a free gift. Students pay a small incidental fee to meet expenses of the school apart from instruction, and must also pay for board in advance. Expenses for term (12 weeks) may be brought within \$24.00, about \$14 to be paid in advance.

The school is endorsed by Baptists, Congregationalists, Disciples, Methodists, Presbyterians, and good people of all denominations.

For information and friendly advice address the Secretary,

WILL C. GAMBLE, - Berea, Madison Co., Ky.

CORRESPONDENCE

FOREST FIRES.

CAUTION.

So far this fall we have not suffered much from Forest Fires. Let us all be on the lookout to prevent any damage in this direction this year. Everything is very dry, leaves are falling, and a very small spark may cause much loss of property and even loss of life if allowed to fall among leaves or stubble. Be careful.

Jackson County.

Kirby Knob.

Miss China Hudson is almost well. Rev. C. A. VanWinkle preached at the lower church Sunday morning and evening.

Rev. Mr. Parker is holding a series of revival meetings at the Baptist Church at Clover Bottom. Mr. Parker is a good preacher.

Misses Nora Eades and Mattie Durham, of Doyleville, are visiting relatives and friends here.

The Misses Rose attended Sunday-school and church at this place Sunday.

Molasses making is about over. Came turned out pretty well this year.

Mr. Milton Broughton and family are back from Paula.

Miss Martha Click is expected home from McKee some time this week.

Several of our neighbors have begun preparations for the Sunday-school convention to be held at McKee, Nov. 9, 1901.

Convention of the Jackson County Sunday-school Ass'n, to be held at McKee, Saturday, Nov. 9, 1901.

MORNING

- 9:30 Devotional Exercises.
- 9:45 Address of Welcome. Mr. Geo. C. Moore
- 9:55 Response. Mr. Allen Powell
- 10:05 Temporary Organization and Business.
- 10:20 Spiritual Preparation of Teachers and Officers. Rev. Geo. W. Davis
- 10:30 A Godless Childhood. Rev. Jas. Baker
- 11:00 Primary Work. Miss Mary J. Baker
- 11:20 My Ideal Superintendent. Mr. Chas. Click
- 11:30 My Ideal Secretary. Mr. John McIntosh
- 11:40 The Duty of the Parent to the Sunday-school. Rev. J. G. Hildreth
- 12:00 Intermission. Basket Dinner.

AFTERNOON

- 1:30 Song and Prayer Service.
- 1:45 Preparation of the Lesson. Mr. Lee J. Webb
- 1:55 Memorizing Bible Verses. Mr. J. C. Floyd
- 2:10 Evangelistic Work in the Sunday-school. Rev. G. H. Cannon
- 2:30 Reports from Sunday-schools.
- 2:40 Report of Committees.
- 2:50 Ten One-minute Speeches.
- 3:00 Singing. When the Roll is called up Yonder.

Good music by quartets and chorus. Come rain or shine. Bring notebook and pencil.

Madison County.

Peytontown.

Mr. and Mrs. James Burnam and Chas. Burnam, Jr., were called to Livingston to attend the funeral of a relation, Miss Lizzie Burnam.

Mrs. Mary Shearer gave a quilting party lately. The guests thoroughly enjoyed the work and the roast chicken.

Mrs. Cora Campbell, of Richmond, made a visit to her farm here in her cart, and enjoyed her trip very much.

Rev. I. Miller has returned from the meeting at Davistown. Much good was accomplished.

Matherson Tevis, of Lancaster, visited his relatives here last week.

Mrs. Sophia Dennie, of Kirksville, was guest with her daughter, Mrs. Susie Miller, Wednesday.

Rev. J. H. Munday passed through here Wednesday en route to Flat Woods, where he is holding special services assisted by Rev. D. C. Francis.

S. F. McGuire was the guest of his brother-in-law, R. R. Harris, Sunday.

Our Communion service was held Sunday. There were ninety visitors with us from other churches. Brother Munday preached the sermon. The collection amounted to \$14.

J. C. Burnam, of Berea, was the guest of Miss Adele Phelps Sunday. Miss Phelps is home for a short visit.

Our Sunday-school last Sunday was the best of the year so far. Bro. Wm. Wright, of Richmond, taught the Bible class.

Miss Dolly Burnam, of Ashland, who has been here on a visit to her mother, left Sunday morning for Cincinnati to visit her sister Miss Flora.

Rev. Irvin Blythe preached for us Sunday night.

Wolfe County.

Campton.

Rev. J. J. Dickey is getting ready to move to his new charge in Washington County.

Bea Cox is talking of coming to Berea this winter.

Election matters are lively here.

Jno. W. Taulbee, of Daysboro, Democratic candidate for County Superintendent, was here Saturday electioneering.

Rev. J. W. Doane, pastor of Bethel Church, leaves Monday for Springfield, O., to attend the Miami Conference of the M. E. Church.

C. H. Gosney, wife and daughter visited Natural Bridge last week.

Miss Pearlina Folks, of Spradling, was the guest of her brother, G. H. Folks, of this place, last week.

J. J. Gosney, of Spradling, is visiting friends and relatives at Newport.

Thos. Baile, our jeweler and optician, made a flying trip to Pomeroytown Sunday.

Willie Drake is very low from fever.

G. H. Folks is preparing to move with his family to Berea the first of December. Mr. Folks and daughter Zella will enter school.

Rockcastle County.

Rev. Hogan will fill Pres. Frost's appointments Saturday night, Nov. 2, at the Christian Church at Brodhead, and at Maple Grove Sunday morning, and Conway Sunday night. Mr. Gamble expects to accompany him to sing.

Disputants.

We have had a splendid meeting at Clear Creek. Twenty have united with the Church. Baptism was on Sunday.

O. M. Payne, our merchant, has joined the Church at Clear Creek.

Geo. W. Purkey, the postmaster and merchant, says he will take eggs or produce of any kind in payment for a subscription to THE CITIZEN. Only 50 cents for a whole year.

T. F. Swinford sold two calves for \$18.00 this week. His father, R. A. Swinford, bought them.

Some rude boys one night last week shot their pistols off as they went home from meeting, and Esquire Reynolds has their names.

Corn gathering has begun. Sorghum making and tie making are the principal industries about here just now.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. R. Shepherd, a fine boy.

We are having a new voting-booth built. J. C. Wood and R. A. Swinford are doing the work.

George W. Purkey has some fine saddles and bridles for sale, and they are very cheap, too.

Breathitt County.

Canoe.

Sore eyes are general in this part of the county.

There is a great confusion at present in this county over the coming election. The Democrats of the county have a regular ticket in the field, and there is also a fusion ticket which is endorsed by the Republicans. Great excitement prevails in the county, and trouble is feared.

Your correspondent had the pleasure a few days ago of visiting Uncle Nathan Arrowood, one of the pioneer preachers of Breathitt County. He is 80 years old, and has been a minister of the Gospel for about 54 years. The aged brother is in comparative good health, and has a good mind. He says he is patiently waiting for his departure.

Owsley County.

Eversole.

OBITUARY.

Aunt Elizabeth Reynolds was born on Indian Creek, in what was then the county of Clay, June 15, 1829. She was the daughter of the late Isaac H. Gabbard, whose father, Henry Gabbard, was one of the early settlers of Virginia.

Reared in the wholesome atmosphere of a pious home she early gave her heart to God, and began that walk with him which she continued through life.

October 3, 1850, she became the devoted wife of John S. Reynolds. Resultant of that union were twelve children, six of whom have preceded her to the spirit world. The surviving children and aged husband mourn the loss of a loving wife and mother.

During the last few months of her life she was a constant sufferer, in spite of every comfort that loving friends could devise.

She was a true, devoted Christian, and now passes to the just reward of a well-spent life on earth. No higher eulogy can be said of any woman than that she was a true wife, a devoted mother and a consistent Christian. —STEPHEN A. GABBARD.

THE HOME.

TRAINING TO WORK PREVENTS CRIME.

"What per cent of the prisoners under your care have received any manual training beyond some acquaintance with farming?" a Northern man asked a warden of a Southern penitentiary.

"Not one per cent," replied the warden.

"Have you no mechanics in prison?"

"Only one mechanic; that is, one man who claims to be a house-painter."

"Have you any shoemakers?" asked the visitor.

"Never had a shoemaker."

"Have you any tailors?"

"Never had a tailor."

"Any printers?"

"Never had a printer."

"Any carpenters?"

"Never had a man in this prison that could draw a straight line."

"These facts," says the writer in the *North American Review*, who tells the incident, "seem to show that manual training is almost as good a preventative of crime as vaccination of smallpox." Onward.

The inference drawn by "the writer in the *North American Review*" is strong but true. Having lived for nine years in the extreme South, with as good opportunity to observe as comes to most men, and having made enquiries like to the above of wardens and officials of one Southern penitentiary I have no hesitation in endorsing the whole article.

Here, in providing Manual Training for the youth of both sexes, is where Berea College is doing a grand work. Young people, avail yourselves of the opportunity; parents, encourage your children to learn useful occupations. A skilled worker is rarely a menace to society. —D

"THE OLD MAN."

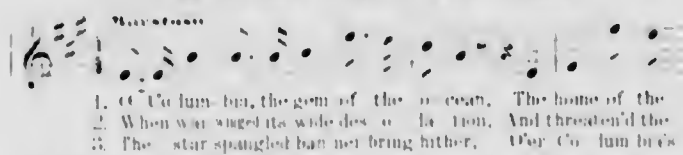
In olden times, before the boy of sixteen was wiser than the head of the family, he addressed his sire as "Father." In these days of high collars, loud neckties and cigarettes, he is known as "the old man."

If his lack of reverence and respect to the man who toils for his loved ones, who knows of no sacrifice too great to bring comfort to the home, whose back is bent and whose brow bears the mark of a fierce conflict in the busy, struggling world in order that he may bear home at nightfall in his tired arms the fruits of his labor for the benefit of his family, is due to thoughtlessness in the part of the boy, who is the object of so much solicitude, then it is time for the careless ones to stop and think. If this apparent lack of respect is due to social conditions something is radically wrong, and a halt long enough for serious reflection is badly needed. The young man who doesn't manifest the highest regard for his father at all times has lost his self respect in a very large measure. For the man who is worthy of being called father gives his best efforts to his boy. He has that boy's welfare continually close to his heart. His great ambition is to see him become a noble, honorable and generous man—one who will make the world better for his having lived in it.

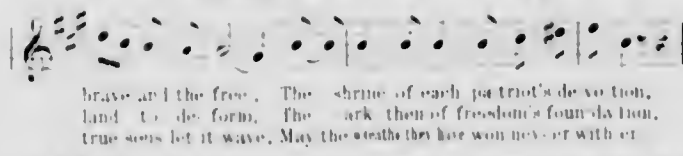
The highest compliment a young man can pay himself in worldly affairs is to honor his father and mother, ever giving them his tenderest considerations. If he fails in this duty memory like a clanking chain will mar the pleasure of his declining years. Young man, speak respectfully of and to your father. It is the best evidence that you are a gentleman. —Lincoln (Ill.) Times.

Music for School Exhibitions.

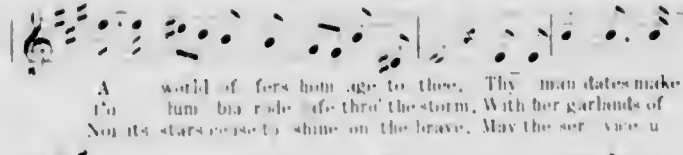
Columbia, the Gem of the Ocean.



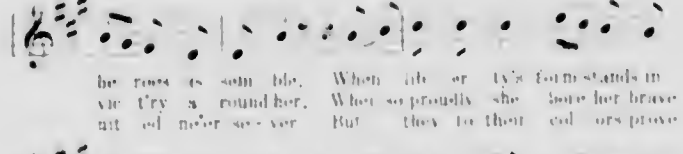
1. O Columbia, the gem of the ocean, The home of the brave,
2. When was waged its wide desecration, And threaten'd the
3. The star spangled banner bring hither, O Columbia, bring



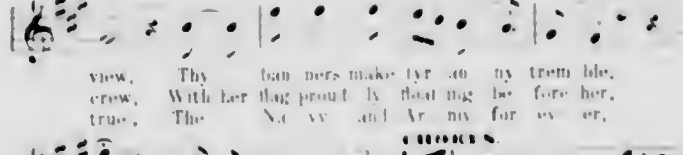
brave and the free. The shrine of each patriot's devotion,
land to be form, the ark of freedom's foundation,
true sons let it wave, May the deathless banner never set wither



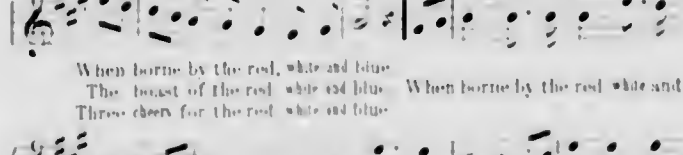
A world of foreboding to thee, Thy man dates make
To him, his role, life thro' the storm, With her garlands of
Not its stars cease to shine on the brave, May the sun voice u



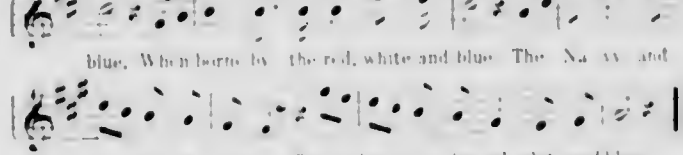
he rose as sun ble, When life or life's form stands in
vix try a round her, When so proudly she bore her brave
mit of nobler sever But they to their colors prove



vow, Thy banner make for an thy team ble,
crow, With her flag proudly floating her fore her,
true, The Na vy and Ar my far ever,

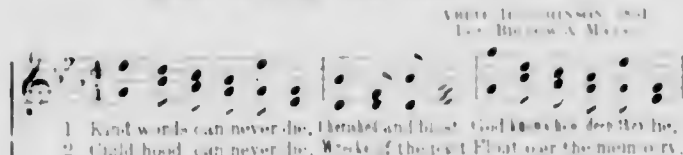


When borne by the red, white and blue,
The host of the red, white and blue, When borne by the red, white and
Three cheers for the red, white and blue

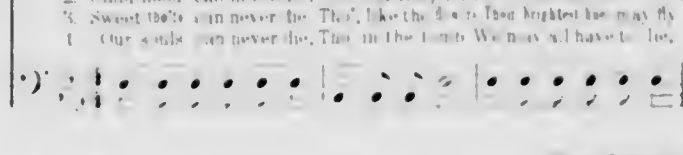


blue, When borne by the red, white and blue, The Na vy and
Ar my far ever, Three cheers for the red, white and blue

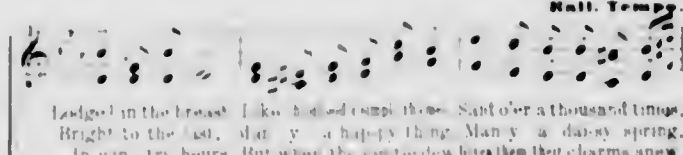
Kind Words Can Never Die.



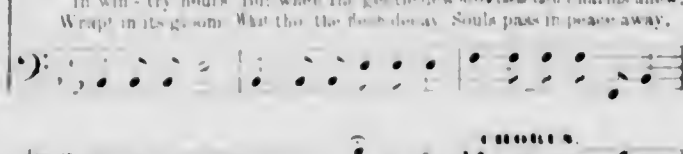
1. Kind words can never die, thought and heart, and love has left the
2. Kind words can never die, words of the past that cheer the
3. Sweet words can never die, they like the flowers that brighten the way
4. Our words can never die, they in the tomb we may have to lie



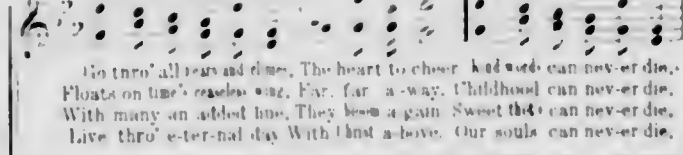
lashed in the breast, like a sword, and a thousand times,
Bright to the last, stay a happy thing, Many a day's spring,
In wintry hours, but when the gentle dew has been their charms anew,
Wrapt in its glow, what the flowers decay, Souls pass in peace away.



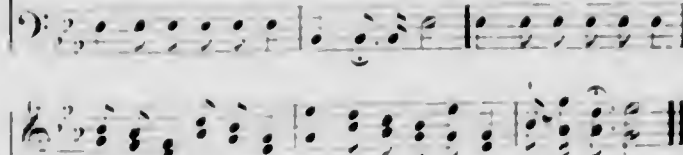
no time all year and dies, The heart to cheer, and words can never die,
Flows on like a river, far, far away, Childhood can never die,
With many an added line, They bloom again, Sweet words can never die,
Live thro' eter-nal day With that above, Our words can never die,



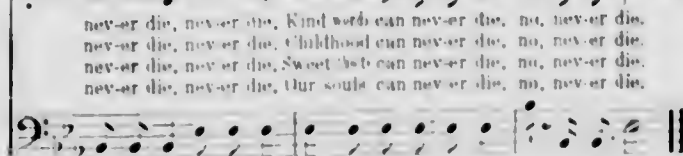
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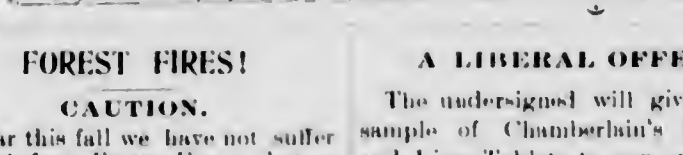
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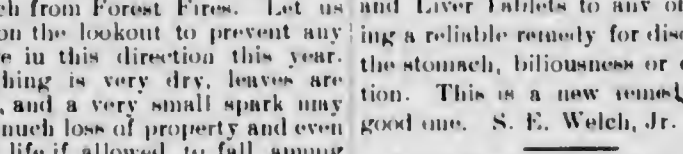
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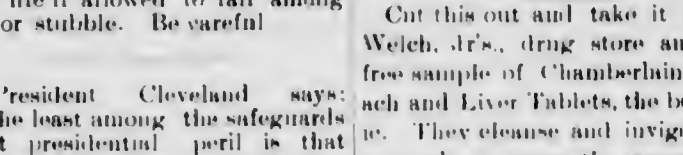
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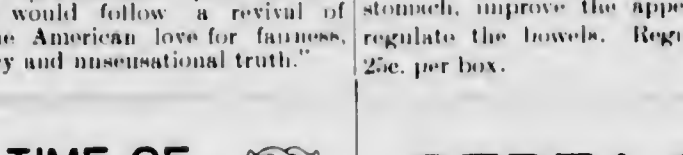
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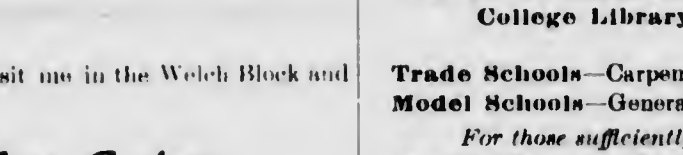
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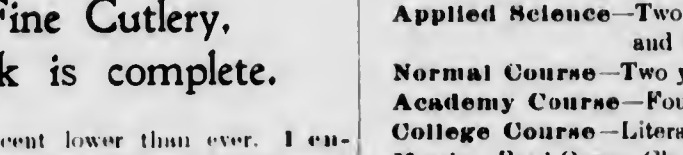
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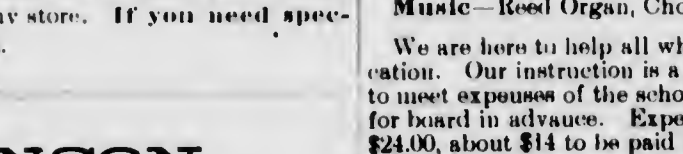
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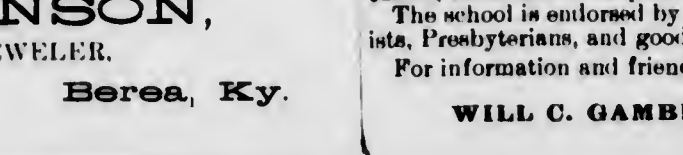
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THE FARM.

Edited by S. C. MASON, Professor of Horticulture, Berea College.

ADVICE ON DRESSING POULTRY.

(Continued.)

Good fat poultry will present a better appearance when dry pickled. Although most people think that dry-pickling is much more difficult than when first scalding, however, when done properly, there is little difference. Hang the (live) bird up as in the case of scalding, with legs pretty well spread apart. Kill with a sharp pointed knife by cutting across the roof of the mouth. If the cut is made right, it should bleed freely. Now run the knife up into the brain of the bird, thus paralyzing it and relaxing the muscles; the feathers will then come out easily. Before going any further, attach a small mouthed pail, well weighted down, to the lower part of the fowl's bill, adjust the barrel, and now strip off the feathers as quickly as possible. It is better for two people to work together, so as to finish each bird in the shortest possible space of time. If one is slow, part of the feathers may become set, and then cannot be removed without leaving the skin. Should one be so unfortunate as to tear the skin of a fowl, sew up with needle and white thread.

When one has a good deal of poultry to dress yearly, it will be found of advantage to have a room for that purpose. A lean to to the hen house will naturally be most convenient. If this is furnished with a skylight, all the better. It should be light, and large enough to give sufficient room for a stove to warm the room, as well as to keep the water hot for scalding or other purposes. The floor should be smooth and tight. A scalding should be put across the room at a convenient height, with a few spikes driven in to hang the birds while dressing, another one or two along the sides to hang the dressed poultry to let cool and to wash heads and mouths.

During the greater part of the season this room may be used for storing feed, chicken coops, etc. The stove will be handy for boiling up potatoes and other vegetables for the fowls, etc. F. GIBSON, in *The Helpful Hen*.

No farmer can expect to be successful with poultry unless he knows what he is doing. He may be gaining or losing according to circumstances, and, if the exact condition of affairs could be known, it would serve to guard against mistakes or assist in increasing receipts. Every farmer and poultryman should keep an exact account of every dollar expended and received. By so doing the hens will show what they have done for every week and month in the year, and the prices will partially enable one to know what the market may be for the corresponding period of the next year. It is much easier to keep an account with hens than with the larger stock, as there are usually daily receipts of eggs, which need only be counted and entered, while the food can be measured in bulk and fed out until it is consumed. If farmers would keep strict account of fowls they would be surprised at the profit derived in proportion to the capital invested; and there is no better time to begin than when the new year is just beginning. The accounts could be kept by one of the younger members of the family. —Farm and Fireside.

WANTED: Capable, reliable person to every county to represent large company of solid financial reputation. \$300 salary, per year, payable weekly. \$5 per day absolutely sure and all expenses straight. Send the definite salary, no commission, salary paid each Saturday and expense money advanced each week. STANDARD HOTEL, 301 BROADWAY ST. CHICAGO.

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